

# *Abusing Software Defined Networks*



DefCon 22, Las Vegas 2014



# Hellfire Security

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# *Overview*

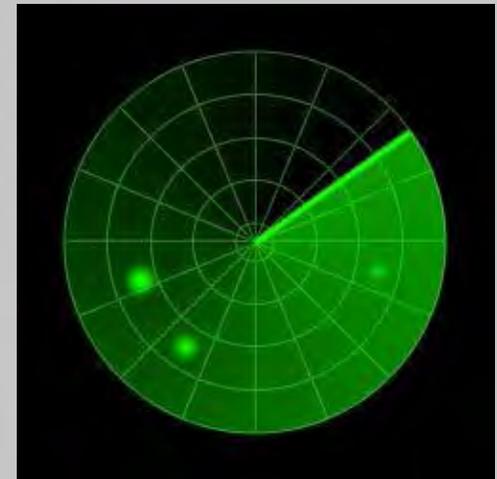
- What is it?
- Exploiting it!
- Fixing it!
- Moving Forward
- Wrapping Up

# *Modern Day Networks*



- ⊕ Vendor Dependent
- ⊕ Difficult to scale
- ⊕ Complex and Prone to Break
- ⊕ Distributed and Often Inconsistent Configuration
- ⊕ Uses inflexible and difficult to innovate protocols
- ⊕ Unable to Consider Other Factors

*... And Good Luck If You Want  
To Change It!*





# *Enter . . . Software Defined Networking*

## ✦ Separate the Control and Data Plane

- ✦ Forwarding Decisions Made By a Controller
- ✦ Routers and Switches Just Forward Packets

## ✦ Controllers

- ✦ Programmed with the Intelligence
- ✦ Full visibility of the Network
- ✦ Can consider the totality of the network before making any decision
- ✦ Enforce Granular Policy





# *Enter . . . Software Defined Networking*

## + Switches

- + Bare-Metal Only
- + Any Vendor . . . Hardware or Software





## *Solves Lots of Problems*

- Know the State of the Network Rather Than Inferring It
- Run Development and Production Side-By-Side
- More Practical ...





## *Solves Lots of Problems*

- ⊕ Less Expensive Hardware
- ⊕ BGP
  - ⊕ Maintenance Dry-Out
  - ⊕ Customer Egress Selection
  - ⊕ Better BGP Security
  - ⊕ Faster Convergence
  - ⊕ Granular Peering at IXPs





# *Solves Lots of Problems*

- ⊕ Real-World Network Slicing of Flow Space
- ⊕ Network and Server Load Balancing
- ⊕ Security
  - ⊕ Dynamic Access Control
  - ⊕ Adaptive Traffic Monitoring
  - ⊕ Attack Detection and Mitigation





# *Emerging Standards*

## ⊕ Old and Busted

- ⊕ SNMP

- ⊕ BGP

- ⊕ Netconf

- ⊕ LISP

- ⊕ PCEP

## ⊕ New Hotness

- ⊕ OVSDB

- ⊕ Openflow



# *Introducing Openflow*

## ⊕ Purpose

- ⊕ Execute Logic At the Controller
- ⊕ Update Forwarding Tables

## ⊕ Defined

- ⊕ Forwarding Process
- ⊕ Messaging Format



# *Introducing Openflow*

## ⊕ Elements

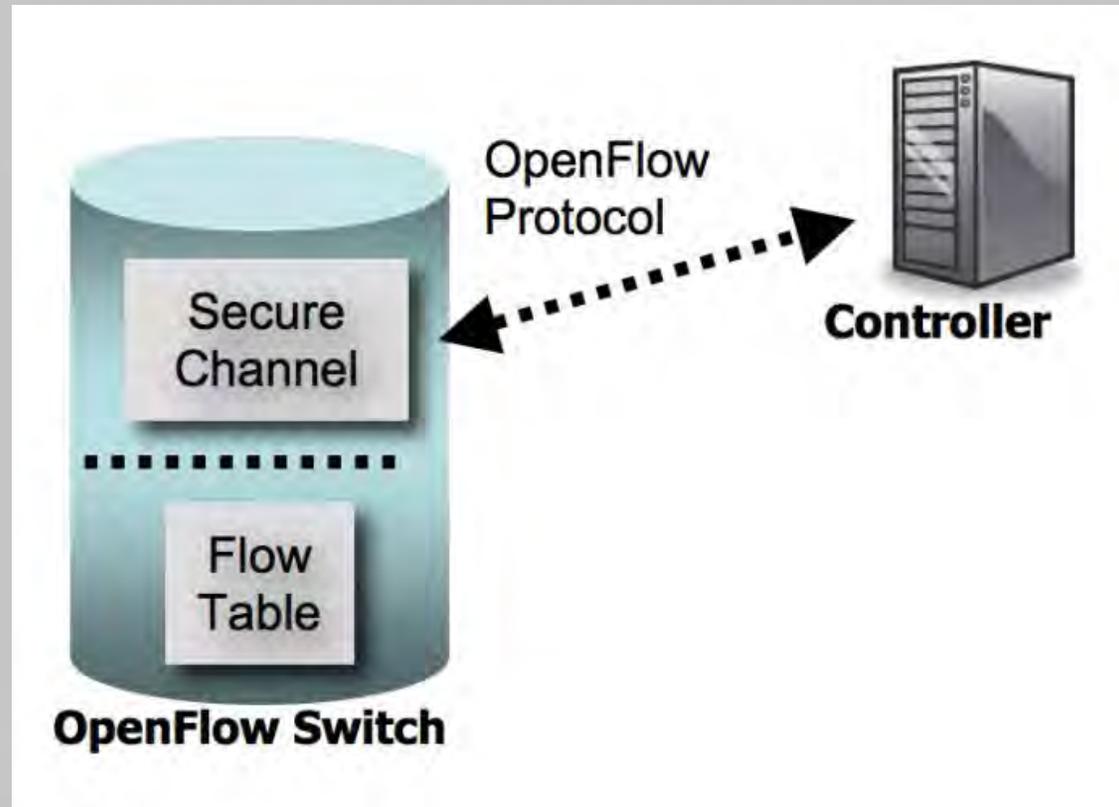
- ⊕ Controller
- ⊕ Secure Channel
- ⊕ Forwarding Element

## ⊕ Process

- ⊕ Check Flow Table
- ⊕ If Match Found, Execute Action
- ⊕ If No Match, Send Packet to controller
- ⊕ Update Flow Table



# *Introducing Openflow*



# *Features*

## ⊕ Flow Tables

- ⊕ Match/Action Entries
- ⊕ Packet header matched against 1 of N tables
- ⊕ 12 fields available for matching
- ⊕ Wildcard matching available

## ⊕ Actions

- ⊕ Forward
- ⊕ Drop
- ⊕ Modify
- ⊕ Enqueue



# *Leading Platforms*

## ⊕ Proprietary

- ⊕ Cisco Application Policy Infrastructure Controller (APIC)
- ⊕ Cisco Extensible Network Controller (XNC)
- ⊕ HP Virtual Application Networks (VAN) SDN Controller
- ⊕ IBM Programmable Network Controller

## ⊕ Open-Source

- ⊕ Nox/Pox
- ⊕ Ryu
- ⊕ Floodlight
- ⊕ Opendaylight





# *Floodlight*

- Open-Source Java Controller
- Primarily an Openflow-based controller
- Supports Openflow v1.0.0
- Fork from the Beacon Java Openflow controller
- Maintained by Big Switch Networks

Project   
**Floodlight**



# *Opendaylight*

- Open-Source Java Controller
- Many southbound options including Openflow
- Supports Openflow v1.0.0 and v1.3.0
- Fork from the Beacon Java Openflow controller
- A Linux Foundation Collaborative Project
- Supported by Citrix, Red Hat, Ericsson, Hewlett Packard, Brocade, Cisco, Juniper, Microsoft, and IBM





## *How Prevalent Is It Going To Be?*

- Gartner: 10 critical IT trends for the next five years
- Major Networking Vendors Have Products or Products Planned for SDN
- InformationWeek 2013 Survey
  - 60% felt that SDN would be part of their network within 5 Years
  - 43% already have plans to put it in production





*So It's Gonna Be All . . .*



*Not Exactly!*

# *Protocol Weaknesses*

- ⊕ Encryption and Authentication via TLS
- ⊕ More of a suggestion than a requirement though ...
  - ⊕ Started Out Good
  - ⊕ Heading Backwards
    - ⊕ v1.0.0 over TLS
    - ⊕ v1.4.0 over TCP or TLS



# *Protocol Weaknesses*

## + Controllers

- + Floodlight ... Nope
- + Opendaylight ... Supported but not required

## + Switches

- + Arista ... No
- + Brocade ... Surprisingly, Yes
- + Cisco ... Another, Yes
- + Dell ... No
- + Extreme ... Another, Yes
- + HP ... No



# *Protocol Weaknesses*

## ✦ Switches

- ✦ Huawei ... No
- ✦ IBM ... No
- ✦ Juniper ... No
- ✦ NEC ... Another, Yes
- ✦ Netgear ... No
- ✦ Pronto ... Yes
- ✦ OVS ... No



## *Could Lead To . . .*

- ⊕ **Information Disclosure** through Interception
- ⊕ Modification through **Man-in-the-Middle**
- ⊕ And all sorts of **DoS Nastiness!**



# *Debug Ports*

- No Encryption
- No Authentication
- Just Full Control of the Switch
- All Via “dpctl” command-line tool



# *Debug Ports*

## ✦ Switches

- ✦ Arista ... Yes
- ✦ Brocade ... Yes
- ✦ Dell ... Yes
- ✦ Extreme ... Yes
- ✦ HP ... Yes
- ✦ Huawei ... Yes
- ✦ IBM ... Yes
- ✦ Juniper ... Yes
- ✦ NEC ... Yes



# *Debug Ports*

## ⊕ Switches

- ⊕ Netgear ... Yes
- ⊕ Pronto ... Yes
- ⊕ OVS ... Yes



# *DoS Nastiness*

## + Openflow

- + Centralization Entails Dependency
- + Dependency Can Be Exploited
- + How are vendors handling it?

## + Floodlight

- + Explored by Solomon, Francis, and Eitan
- + Their Results ... Handling It Poorly

## + Opendaylight

- + Unknown but worth investigating
- + It is Java for God Sake!

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# *Tools*

## ✦ of-switch.py

- ✦ Impersonates an Openflow switch
- ✦ Utilizes Openflow v1.00

## ✦ of-flood.py

- ✦ Floods an Openflow controller
- ✦ Disrupting the network and bringing it down
- ✦ Utilizes Openflow v1.00



# *Demonstration*



# *Other Controller Weakness*

## ⊕ Floodlight

- ⊕ No Encryption for Northbound HTTP API
- ⊕ No Authentication for Northbound HTTP API

## ⊕ Opendaylight

- ⊕ Encryption for Northbound HTTP API
  - ⊕ Turned Off by Default
- ⊕ Authentication for Northbound HTTP API
  - ⊕ HTTP Basic Authentication
  - ⊕ Default Password Weak
  - ⊕ Strong Passwords Turned Off by Default

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## *Could Lead To . . .*

- ⊕ **Information Disclosure** through Interception
  - ⊕ Topology
  - ⊕ Credentials
- ⊕ Information Disclosure through **Unauthorized Access**
  - ⊕ Topology
  - ⊕ Targets

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*And ...*

- Topology, Flow, and Message Modification through **Unauthorized Access**

- Add Access
- Remove Access
- Hide Traffic
- Change Traffic

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# *Identifying Controllers and Switches*

- Currently Listening on TCP Port 6633
- New Port Defined ... TCP Port 6653
- Hello's Exchanged
- Feature Request
  - Controller will send
  - Switch will not

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# *Tools*

## ✦ of-check.py

- ✦ Identifies Openflow Services
- ✦ Reports on their Versions
- ✦ Compatible with any version of Openflow

## ✦ of-enum.py

- ✦ Enumerates Openflow Endpoints
- ✦ Reports on their Type
- ✦ Compatible with any version of Openflow



# *Tools*

## • openflow-enum.nse

- Identifies Openflow Services
- Reports on their Versions
- Compatible with any version of Openflow



# *Demonstration*



# *Exposure*

- ⊕ Number of Known Issues
- ⊕ Bad Enough Inside a Network
- ⊕ Is Anything Outward Facing?
- ⊕ Better Not to Take Anyone's Word for It
- ⊕ Just Find Out for Yourself



# *Reported*

- ⊕ While Data Centers/Clouds are the Killer App for SDN
  - ⊕ NIPPON EXPRESS
  - ⊕ FIDELITY INVESTMENTS
  - ⊕ VMWARE
- ⊕ Starting to see it moving toward the LAN
  - ⊕ Caltech
  - ⊕ Cern
- ⊕ And WAN
  - ⊕ Google, NTT, and AT&T



## *Discovered (Scanning Project)*

- ⊕ Service Discovery Ran on Entire Internet
- ⊕ Seeing Both Controllers and Switches
- ⊕ Still Going Through Results Though
- ⊕ Data Collected Full of Noise
- ⊕ Let's Just Say that I Now Know  
Where All the Tarpits Are!



# *Some Attacks*

- ⊕ Small Local Area Network
  - ⊕ One Admin Host
  - ⊕ Two User Hosts
  - ⊕ One Server
  - ⊕ One IDS
- ⊕ Attacker will ...
  - ⊕ Identify Targets
  - ⊕ Enumerate ACLs
  - ⊕ Find Sensors

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# *Tool*

## ⊕ of-map.py

- ⊕ Downloads flows from an Openflow controller
- ⊕ Uses the flows
  - ⊕ To identify targets and target services
  - ⊕ To build ACLs
  - ⊕ To identify sensors
- ⊕ Works with Floodlight and Opendaylight via JSON

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# *Demonstration*



## *And Some More Attacks ...*

- ⊕ Small Local Area Network

- ⊕ One Admin Host
- ⊕ Two User Hosts
- ⊕ One Server
- ⊕ One IDS

- ⊕ Attacker will ...

- ⊕ Gain Access to the Server
- ⊕ Isolate the Administrator
- ⊕ Hide from the IDS
- ⊕ And Attack the Server

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# *Tool*

## ⊕ of-access.py

- ⊕ Modifies flows on the network through the Openflow Controller
  - ⊕ Adds or Removes access for hosts
  - ⊕ Applies transformations to their network activity
  - ⊕ Hides activity from sensors
- ⊕ Works with Floodlight and Opendaylight via JSON

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# *Demonstration*





*And Some Pwnage . . .*



*Sorry Linux Foundation!*

# *Zero-Day Exploit*

- ⊕ Opendaylight has other southbound APIs besides Openflow
  - ⊕ No Encryption for Southbound Netconf API
  - ⊕ No Authentication for Southbound Netconf API
- ⊕ Just Connect and Exchange Messages
  - ⊕ XML-RPC
  - ⊕ Remember Java?
- ⊕ Boom Goes Opendaylight
- ⊕ And it runs as “Root”



# *Demonstration*



## *If No Exploit . . .*

- ⊕ Service Not Available or They Fix It
- ⊕ Not to Worry
- ⊕ Password Guess the !!!!!!
  - ⊕ Default Password Weak
  - ⊕ Strong Passwords Turned Off
  - ⊕ No Account Lockout
  - ⊕ No SYSLOG Output



# *Repeat!*

- ⊕ Attacker will ...
  - ⊕ Identify Targets
  - ⊕ Enumerate ACLs
  - ⊕ Find Sensors
  - ⊕ Gain Access to the Server
  - ⊕ Isolate the Administrator
  - ⊕ Hide from the IDS
  - ⊕ And Attack the Server
- ⊕ And Pwn That Network Too!



# *Demonstration*



# *Other Exploits Waiting to Be Found!*

## ⊕ Floodlight

- ⊕ Northbound HTTP API
- ⊕ Southbound Openflow API

## ⊕ Opendaylight

- ⊕ Northbound HTTP API
- ⊕ Southbound Openflow API
- ⊕ Southbound Netconf API (TCP,SSH)
- ⊕ Southbound Netconf Debug Port

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# *Other Exploits Waiting to Be Found!*

- ⊕ Opendaylight
  - ⊕ JMX Access
  - ⊕ OSGi Console
  - ⊕ Lisp Flow Mapping
  - ⊕ ODL Internal Clustering RPC
  - ⊕ ODL Clustering
  - ⊕ Java Debug Access

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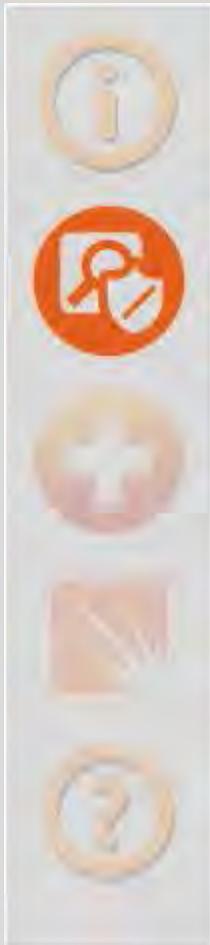
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# *Where to Look*

- ⊕ Identify Additional Encryption and Authentication Issues
- ⊕ Use Them to Explore
  - ⊕ Direct Access
  - ⊕ Traditional Vulnerabilities
- ⊕ Start with the Basics
  - ⊕ Protocol Messaging
  - ⊕ Injection for RFI/LFI, Etc.
- ⊕ Identify
  - ⊕ Information Disclosure
  - ⊕ Unauthorized Access
  - ⊕ DoS

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# *Available Solutions*

- For Now
- For the Future



## *For Now*

- Transport Layer Security
  - Feasible?
  - Realistic?
- Hardening ... Duh!
- VLAN ... It's the Network Stupid!
- Code Review Anyone?



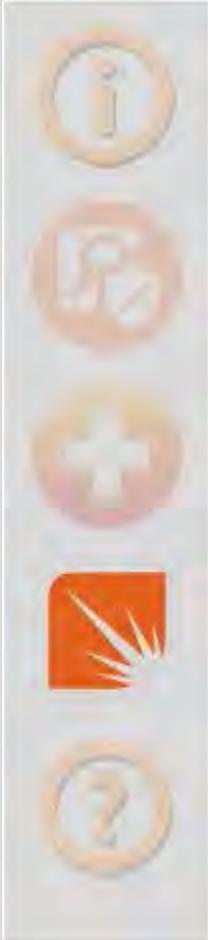
# *For the Future*

- ⊕ Denial of Service (SDN Architecture)
  - ⊕ Network Partitioning
  - ⊕ Controller Clustering
  - ⊕ Static Flow Entries
- ⊕ Modification (SDN Applications)
  - ⊕ Traffic Counters
  - ⊕ Respond to Abnormalities
- ⊕ Verification (SDN Operations)



# *Impact*

- With this one box, you get everything they have
- There is the Obvious
  - Own Any Data They Own
  - Control Any Aspect of Their Operation
  - Control Their Fate
- Opens Up A World of Possibilities



## *How It Could Go Right*

- Vendor Independence and ultimately lower cost
- Networks that match the application and the businesses needs not the other way around
- Faster Evolution of the Network
  - Production-Scale Simulation and Experimentation
  - Exchangeable Network Aspects
- Dynamic and Truly Active Defenses



# *How It Could Go Wrong*

- ⊕ Denial of Service
  - ⊕ Peer Node
  - ⊕ External Node
  - ⊕ Selectively Dropping Traffic?
- ⊕ MiTM
  - ⊕ Entire Networks
  - ⊕ Local Subnets or Hosts
- ⊕ Shadow Operations
  - ⊕ Darknets
  - ⊕ Uber Admins



# ***Making the Difference***

- ⊕ Traditional Means of Securing Controllers Still Apply
- ⊕ Security Needs to Be Part of the Discussion
  - ⊕ Until Now ... How SDN Can Help Security
  - ⊕ But How Secure is SDN?
- ⊕ Analyses being Done
  - ⊕ But By Outsiders
  - ⊕ Traditional Approach and 2-D
- ⊕ Controller's Need A Security Reference and Audit Capability



## *Final Thoughts*

- SDN has the potential to turn the entire Internet into a cloud
- Benefit would be orders of magnitude above what we see now
- But there is hole in the middle of it that could easily be filled by the likes of the NSA ... or worse yet, China
- Let's Not Let That Happen
- And That Start's Here



# *Toolkit*

## **SDN-Toolkit v1.00 for Openflow Networks**

- Discover, Identify, and Manipulate SDN-Based Networks
- Floodlight and Opendaylight support through Northbound HTTP-Based APIs
- Openflow v1.0.0 support through Southbound Openflow APIs
- Python-Based

Updates can be found at <http://sdn-toolkit.sourceforge.net/>

# Links

- ⊕ <http://www.sdncentral.com/>
- ⊕ <https://www.opennetworking.org/>
- ⊕ <http://www.projectfloodlight.org/>
- ⊕ <http://www.opendaylight.org/>
- ⊕ <https://www.coursera.org/course/sdn>
- ⊕ <https://www.baycollege.edu/Academics/Areas-of-Study/Computer-Network-Systems/Faculty/Linderoth/2013-sdn-survey-growing-pains.aspx>
- ⊕ <http://www8.hp.com/h20195/v2/GetDocument.aspx?docname=4AA4-7944ENW>
- ⊕ <http://www.openflowhub.org/blog/blog/2012/12/03/sdn-use-case-multipath-tcp-at-caltech-and-cern/>
- ⊕ <http://www.networkworld.com/article/2167166/cloud-computing/vmware--we-re-building-one-of-the-biggest-sdn-deployments-in-the-industry.html>
- ⊕ <http://www.networkcomputing.com/networking/inside-googles-software-defined-network/a/d-id/1234201?>
- ⊕ <http://cseweb.ucsd.edu/~vahdat/papers/b4-sigcomm13.pdf>
- ⊕ <http://viodi.com/2014/03/15/ntt-com-leads-all-network-providers-in-deployment-of-sdnopenflow-nfv-coming-soon/>



# Q&A