

Steganography in Commonly Used HF Radio Protocols

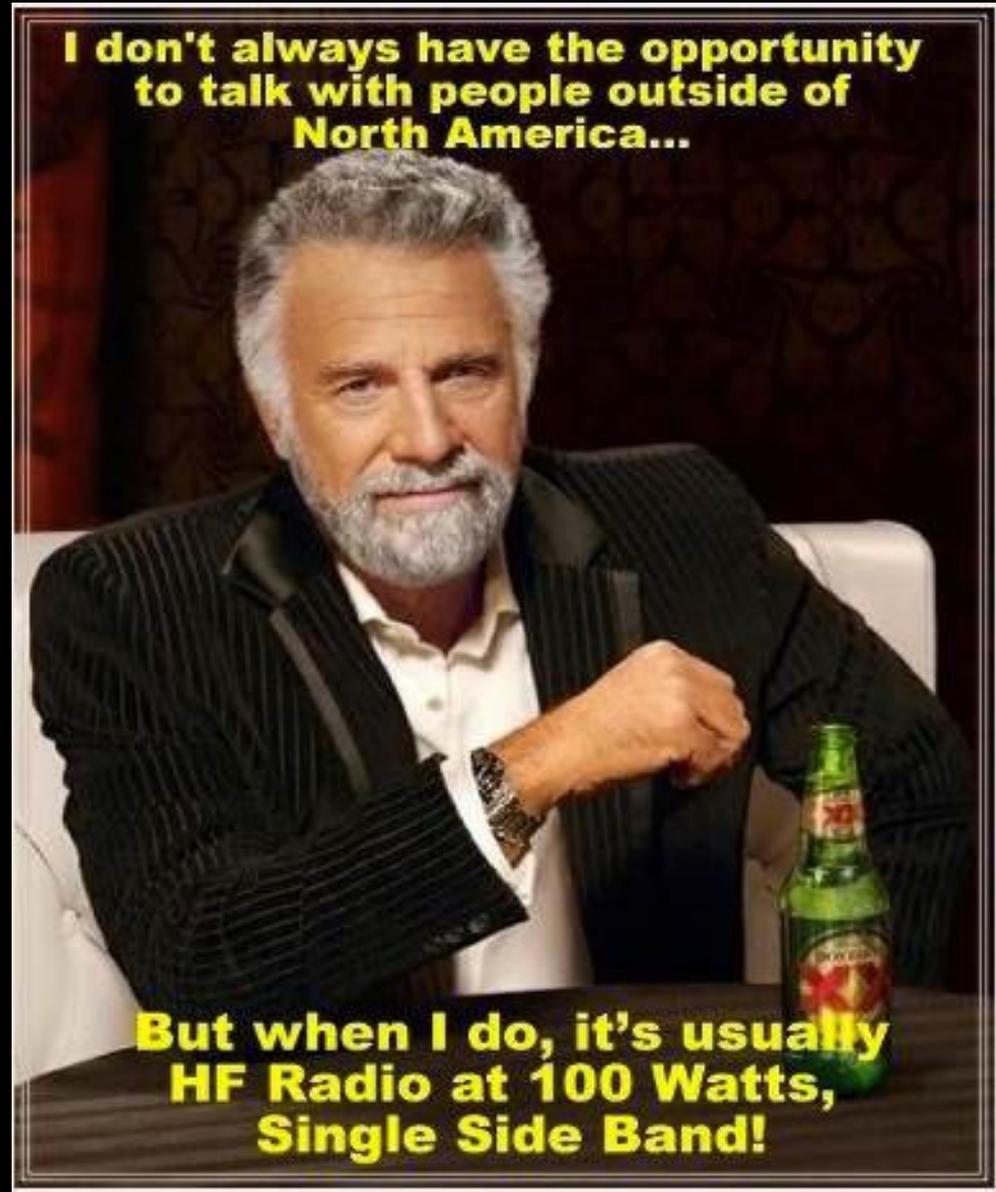


@pdogg77

@TheDukeZip

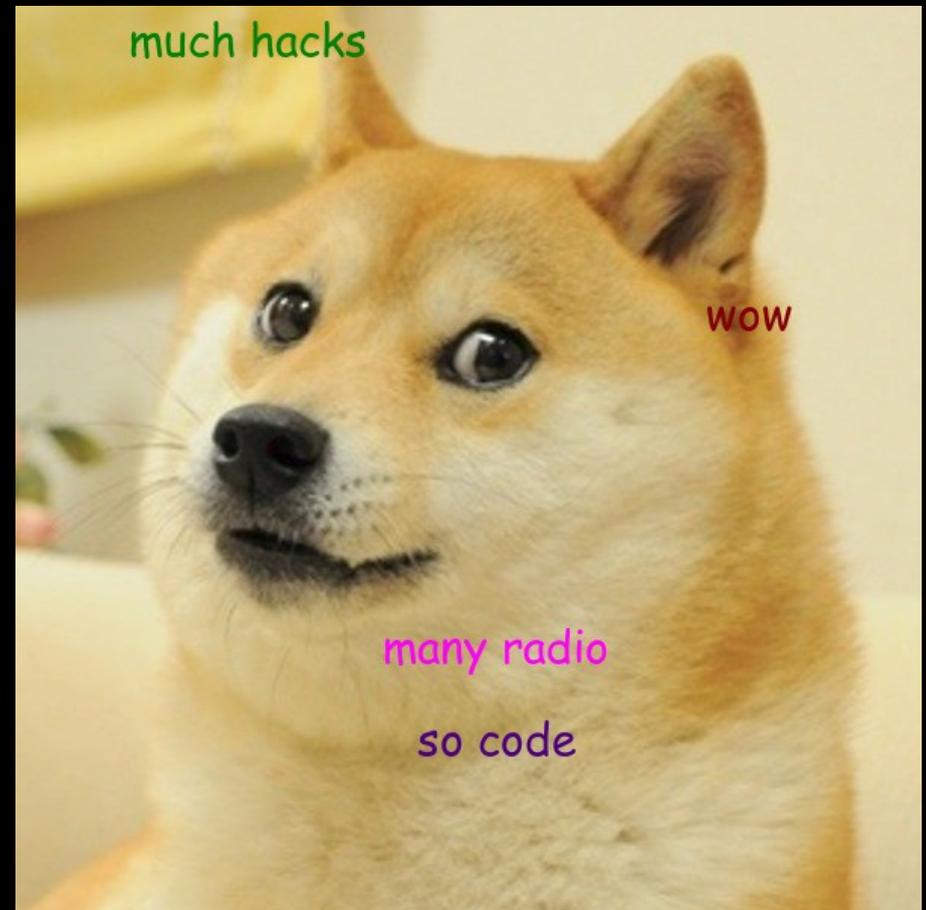
pdogg

- Paul / pdogg / @pdogg77
- Day Job: Security Researcher at Confer Technologies Inc.
- Hobby: Licensed as an amateur radio operator in 1986, ARRL VE
- This is my second trip to DEF CON



thedukezip

- Brent / thedukezip / @thedukezip
- Software & Systems Engineer (RF)
- Licensed ham radio op since 2006, ARRL VE



Why You Shouldn't Do This And Why We Didn't Do It On The Air

FCC Regulations (Title 47 – Part 97)

§ 97.113 Prohibited transmissions.

(a) No amateur station shall transmit:

...

(4) Music using a phone emission except as specifically provided elsewhere in this section; communications intended to facilitate a criminal act; messages encoded for the purpose of obscuring their meaning, except as otherwise provided herein; obscene or indecent words or language; or false or deceptive messages, signals or identification.



How This Project Started...

Final Warning Slide...

- Hackers + Drinks = *Project*
- WANC - We are not cryptographers
- We are not giving cryptographic advice
- You should talk to a cryptographer
- If you are a cryptographer, we welcome your input

What?

We set out to demonstrate it was possible (or impossible) to create a:

- Low Infrastructure
- Long Range
- Covert
- Point to Point, Broadcast or Mesh
- Short Message Protocol

Using existing consumer radio and computer equipment, leveraging a commonly used digital mode

Why?

- Avoid censorship
- Avoid spying
- We believe you have the right to communicate without this interference
- You COULD use our method to communicate, OR use similar techniques to create your own method

... Or “The Terrorists”

No Internet?

Amateur radio operators have expertise in this!



[photo: John Amodeo, NN6JA]

Amateur Radio

- Many frequency bands reserved for amateur radio operators to communicate
- Voice chat, digital modes...
- Take a multiple choice test to get licensed

- Reminder: The rules say you can't do what we're showing you...

AirChat

- Anonymous
Lulzlabs
- Encrypted
communication in
plain sight
- Cool project with a
different purpose
- Also breaks the
rules



Good Steganography / Good OPSEC

- ... means hiding well in plain sight.
- Invisible to normal users
- “Plausible deniability”
- Not this →



More Like This



Ways to Hide...



- Protocol features (headers, checksums etc)
 - Timing or substitution
 - Errors
 - No “spurious emissions” etc... (against the rules, obvious, very “visible”)
 - Candidate Protocol must:
 - ... be in widespread common use
 - ... have places to hide
 - ... be relatively power efficient
- Need no special hardware or closed software

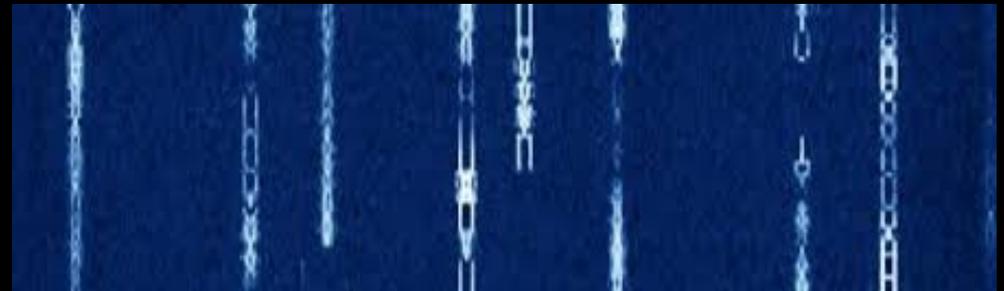
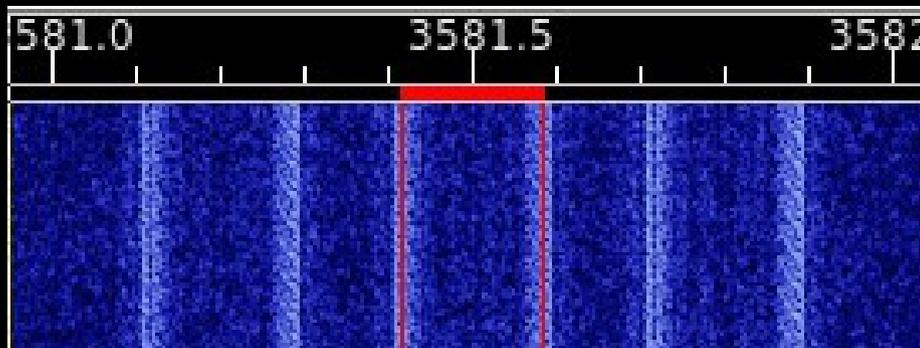
Popular Sound Card Digital Modes

- RTTY

- In use on radio since at least the 1920s
- Baudot code – 5 bit symbols with a stop and a shift – “mark and space”
- Amateurs almost always use a 45 baud version with 170hz carrier shift
- Limited character set

- PSK31 etc.

- Phase shift keying 31 baud...
- Developed by Peter Martinez G3PLX in 1998
- VERY tight protocol - “Varicode”



JT65

- Developed by Joe Taylor – K1JT – 2005
- Original paper: “The JT65 Communications Protocol”
- Designed for Earth-Moon-Earth communications. Also now widely used for skywave contacts
- Very power efficient
- Structured communication, very low data rate
- Open source implementation

JT65 Conversations

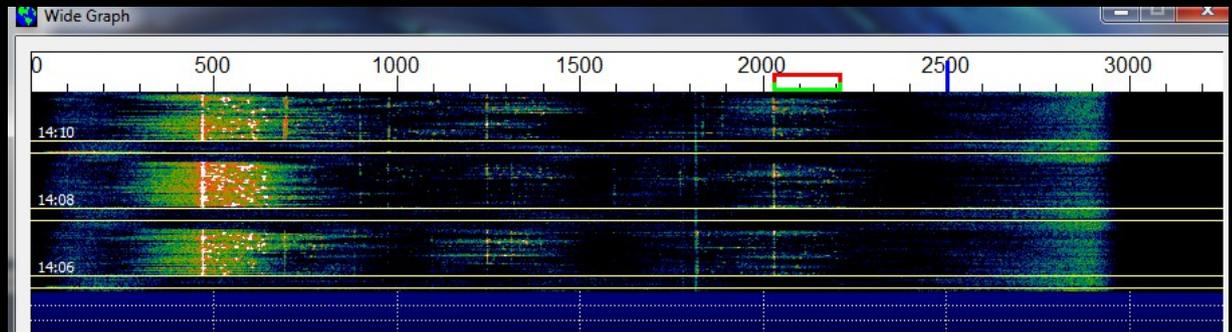
Some Common
HF Ham Freqs:

20m 14.076MHz

15m 21.076MHz

10m 28.076MHz

Upper Side Band



Band Activity					Rx Frequency				
UTC	dB	DT	Freq	Message	UTC	dB	DT	Freq	Message
1406	-10	-0.6	2029	# KA1OVM TF2MSN -07	1404	-14	-0.6	2030	# CQ TF2MSN HP84
1406	-8	0.8	470	# K7HAL EA1AHY -07	1405	Tx		2030	# TF2MSN KA1OVM FN42
1406	-10	0.7	1247	# WJ2D SP7EBM -02	1406	-10	-0.6	2029	# KA1OVM TF2MSN -07
1406	-16	0.2	1820	# CQ SQ9PPV JO90	1407	Tx		2030	# TF2MSN KA1OVM R-14
1408	-10	-0.8	2029	# KA1OVM TF2MSN 73	1408	-10	-0.8	2029	# KA1OVM TF2MSN 73
1408	-5	0.8	470	# K7HAL EA1AHY RRR	1409	Tx		2030	# TF2MSN KA1OVM 73
1408	-14	0.5	1246	# WJ2D SP7EBM RRR	1410	-13	-0.8	2028	# CQ TF2MSN HP84
1410	-13	-0.8	2028	# CQ TF2MSN HP84					
1410	-7	0.6	469	# K7HAL EA1AHY 73					
1410	-14	-0.8	978	# SQ3SWD K4QJC R-13					
1410	-11	0.6	1245	# 5W DELTA 73					

Log QSO Stop Monitor Erase Decode Enable Tx Halt Tx Tune

10 m 28.076 000

+2 kHz

50
40
30
20
10
17 dB

DX Call DX Grid
TF2MSN HP84

Az: 34 3935 km

Lookup Add

2013 Dec 16
14:10:54

Tx even
Tx JT65 #
Tx 2030 Hz
Rx 2030 Hz
Tx=Rx Rx=Tx
Lock Tx=Rx
Report -14

Calling CQ Answering CQ
CQ Grid
dB R+dB
RRR 73
TF2MSN KA1OVM 73 Gen msg
Free msg

Receiving Last Tx: TF2MSN KA1OVM 73 JT9+JT65

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

User Message

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

User Message



34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44



34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

User Message

Source Encoding

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

58 11 22 20 52 15 02 29 24 61 19 32 51 08 31 55 47 13 10 49 59
55 30 30 30 38 57 19 22 24 13 18 11 29 15 09 17 24 25 19 31 57
44 21 58 13 08 61 27 29 52 34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

User Message

Source Encoding

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

58 11 22 20 52 15 02 29 24 61 19 32 51 08 31 55 47 13 10 49 59
55 30 30 30 38 57 19 22 24 13 18 11 29 15 09 17 24 25 19 31 57
44 21 58 13 08 61 27 29 52 34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

User Message

Source Encoding

FEC

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

User Message

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Source Encoding

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FEC

58 11 22 20 52 15 02
29 24 61 19 32 51 08
31 55 47 13 10 49 59
55 30 30 30 38 57 19
22 24 13 18 11 29 15
09 17 24 25 19 31 57
44 21 58 13 08 61 27
29 52 34 20 05 42 26
09 03 05 60 06 24 22

Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

58 11 22 20 52 15 02 29 24 61 19 32 51 08 31 55 47 13 10 49 59
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44 21 58 13 08 61 27 29 52 34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

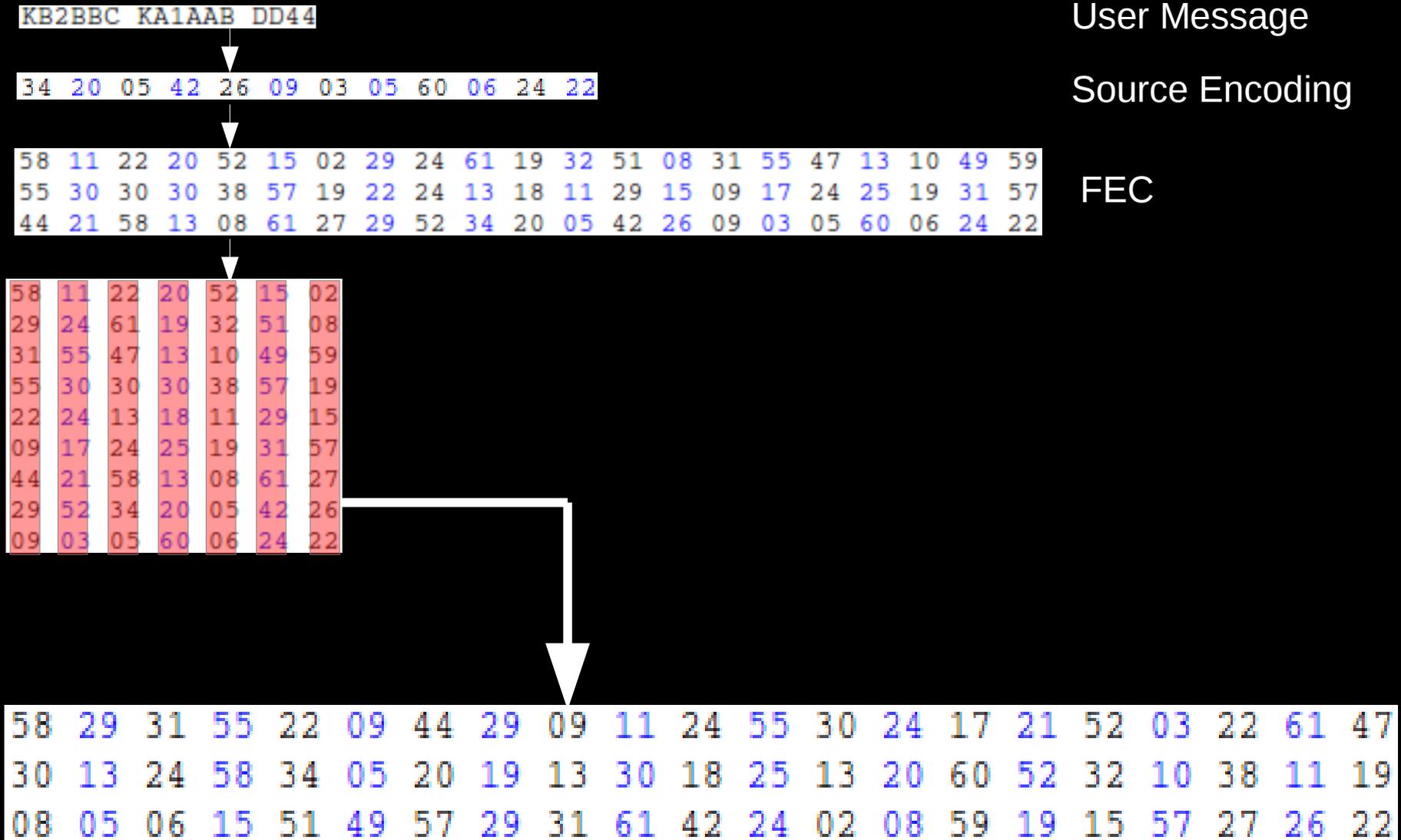
User Message

Source Encoding

FEC

58	11	22	20	52	15	02
29	24	61	19	32	51	08
31	55	47	13	10	49	59
55	30	30	30	38	57	19
22	24	13	18	11	29	15
09	17	24	25	19	31	57
44	21	58	13	08	61	27
29	52	34	20	05	42	26
09	03	05	60	06	24	22

Some JT65 Technical Details



Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

User Message

34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

Source Encoding

58 11 22 20 52 15 02 29 24 61 19 32 51 08 31 55 47 13 10 49 59
55 30 30 30 38 57 19 22 24 13 18 11 29 15 09 17 24 25 19 31 57
44 21 58 13 08 61 27 29 52 34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

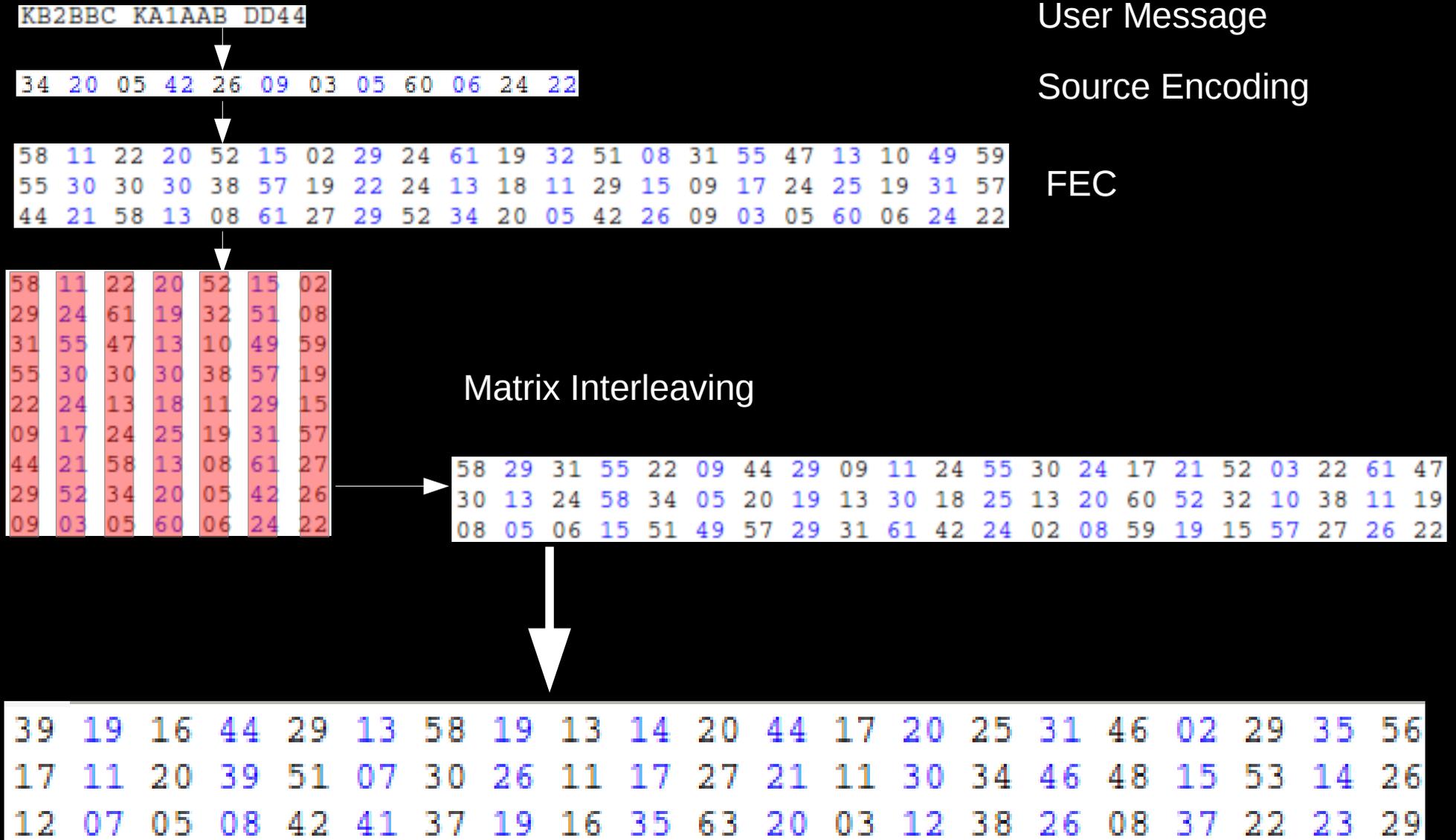
FEC

58	11	22	20	52	15	02
29	24	61	19	32	51	08
31	55	47	13	10	49	59
55	30	30	30	38	57	19
22	24	13	18	11	29	15
09	17	24	25	19	31	57
44	21	58	13	08	61	27
29	52	34	20	05	42	26
09	03	05	60	06	24	22

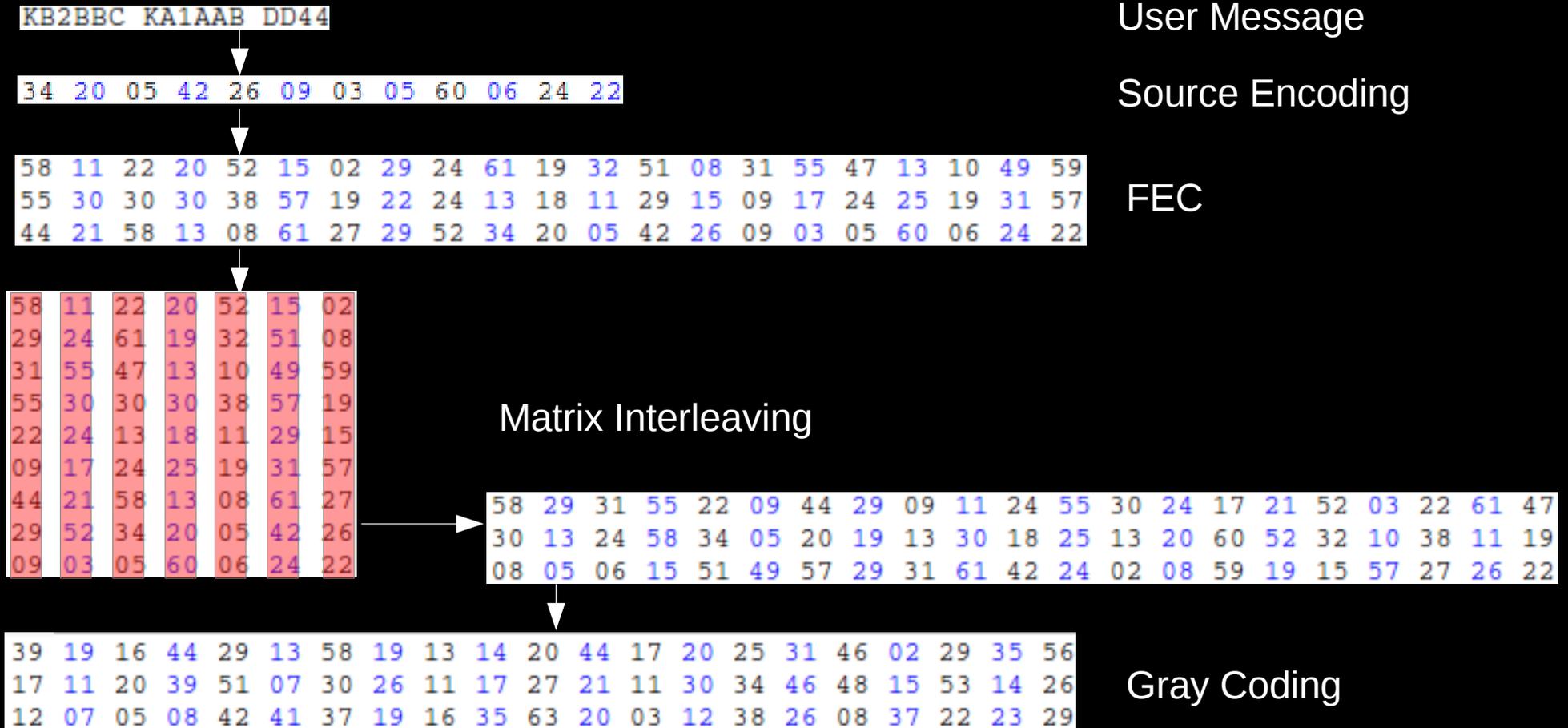
Matrix Interleaving

58	29	31	55	22	09	44	29	09	11	24	55	30	24	17	21	52	03	22	61	47
30	13	24	58	34	05	20	19	13	30	18	25	13	20	60	52	32	10	38	11	19
08	05	06	15	51	49	57	29	31	61	42	24	02	08	59	19	15	57	27	26	22

Some JT65 Technical Details



Some JT65 Technical Details



Some JT65 Technical Details

KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

User Message

34 20 05 42 26 09 03 05 60 06 24 22

Source Encoding

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FEC

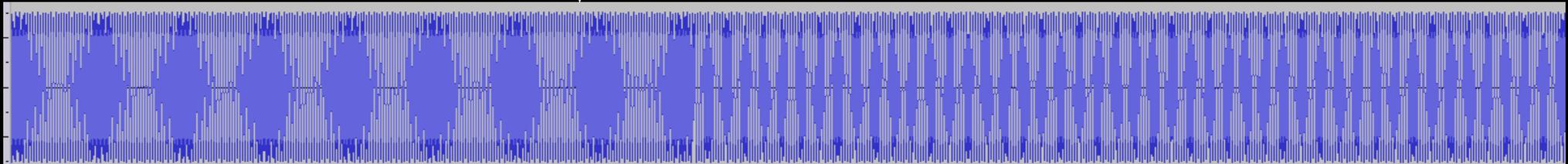
58 11 22 20 52 15 02
29 24 61 19 32 51 08
31 55 47 13 10 49 59
55 30 30 30 38 57 19
22 24 13 18 11 29 15
09 17 24 25 19 31 57
44 21 58 13 08 61 27
29 52 34 20 05 42 26
09 03 05 60 06 24 22

Matrix Interleaving

58 29 31 55 22 09 44 29 09 11 24 55 30 24 17 21 52 03 22 61 47
30 13 24 58 34 05 20 19 13 30 18 25 13 20 60 52 32 10 38 11 19
08 05 06 15 51 49 57 29 31 61 42 24 02 08 59 19 15 57 27 26 22

39 19 16 44 29 13 58 19 13 14 20 44 17 20 25 31 46 02 29 35 56
17 11 20 39 51 07 30 26 11 17 27 21 11 30 34 46 48 15 53 14 26
12 07 05 08 42 41 37 19 16 35 63 20 03 12 38 26 08 37 22 23 29

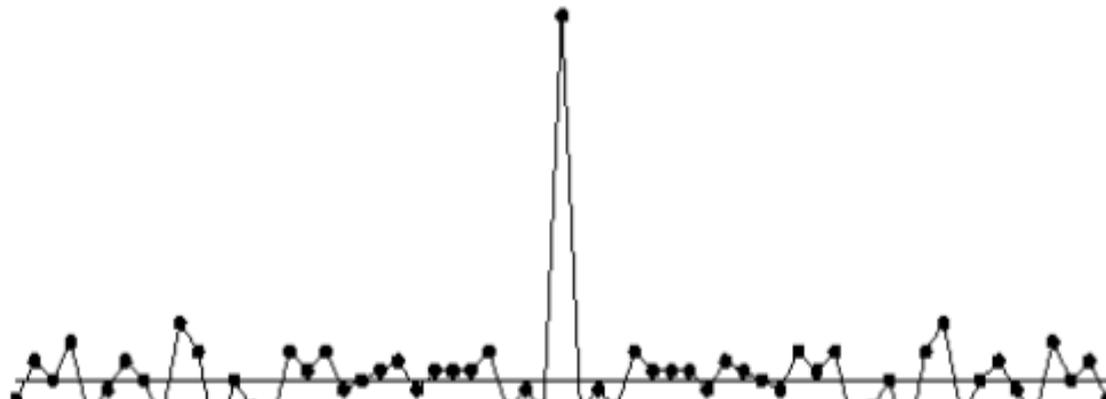
Gray Coding



Audio

- JT65 “packet” sliced into 126 .372s intervals – 47.8s
- 1270.5 Hz sync tone - “pseudo-random synchronization vector”
- Symbols - $1270.5 + 2.6917(N+2)m$ Hz
 - N is the integral symbol value, $0 \leq N \leq 63$
 - m assumes the values 1, 2, and 4 for JT65 sub-modes A, B, and C

```
1,0,0,1,1,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,1,0,0,  
0,1,1,1,0,0,1,1,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,1,1,0,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,1,  
0,0,1,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,  
0,1,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,1,1,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,  
1,1,1,1,1,1
```



Hiding in Reed Solomon Codes

- Exploit error correction!
- Easy/PoC Mode: Shove in some errors... :)
(static “key”)
- Medium mode: Shove in errors, add some random cover
- Hard Mode: Encrypt and pack message, add FEC
- Prior Work: Hanzlik, Peter “Steganography in Reed-Solomon Codes”, 2011

Encoding Steganography (Basic)

Step: DEF CON 22

Encoding Steganography (Basic)

Step: DEF CON 22

Source Encoding:

```
19 51 00 26 06 17 52 04 31 15 56 28
```

Encoding Steganography (Basic)

Steg: DEF CON 22

Source Encoding:

19 51 00 26 06 17 52 04 31 15 56 28

FEC:

24 42 21 21 43 42 56 22 19 51 00 26 06 17 52 04 31 15 56 28

Can tolerate 4 errors

Hiding Steganography

Key: pdogg thedukezip

Generate 20 'locations' based on SHA512

Hiding Steganography

Key: pdogg thedukezip

Generate 20 'locations' based on SHA512

09 29 41 35 20 32 27 15 23 18 53 12 45 03 13 40 49 22 25 37

Injecting Errors

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

39	19	16	44	29	13	58	19	13	14	20	44	17	20	25	31	46	02	29	35	56
17	11	20	39	51	07	30	26	11	17	27	21	11	30	34	46	48	15	53	14	26
12	07	05	08	42	41	37	19	16	35	63	20	03	12	38	26	08	37	22	23	29

Injecting Errors

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

39	19	16	44	29	13	58	19	13	14	20	44	17	20	25	31	46	02	29	35	56
17	11	20	39	51	07	30	26	11	17	27	21	11	30	34	46	48	15	53	14	26
12	07	05	08	42	41	37	19	16	35	63	20	03	12	38	26	08	37	22	23	29

Steg: DEF CON 22

24	42	21	21	43	42	56	22	19	51	00	26	06	17	52	04	31	15	56	28
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Injecting Errors

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

39	19	16	44	29	13	58	19	13	14	20	44	17	20	25	31	46	02	29	35	56
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Steg: DEF CON 22

24	42	21	21	43	42	56	22	19	51	00	26	06	17	52	04	31	15	56	28
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Key: pdogg thedukezip

09	29	41	35	20	32	27	15	23	18	53	12	45	03	13	40	49	22	25	37
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Injecting Errors

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

39	19	16	44	29	13	58	19	13	24	20	44	17	20	25	31	46	02	29	35	56
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Steg: DEF CON 22

↓

24	42	21	21	43	42	56	22	19	51	00	26	06	17	52	04	31	15	56	28
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Key: pdogg thedukezip

↓

09	29	41	35	20	32	27	15	23	18	53	12	45	03	13	40	49	22	25	37
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Injecting Errors

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

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Steg: DEF CON 22



24	42	21	21	43	42	56	22	19	51	00	26	06	17	52	04	31	15	56	28
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Key: pdogg thedukezip



09	29	41	35	20	32	27	15	23	18	53	12	45	03	13	40	49	22	25	37
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Injecting Errors

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

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17	11	20	39	51	07	30	26	11	17	27	21	11	30	34	46	48	15	53	14	26
12	07	05	08	42	41	37	19	16	35	63	20	03	12	38	26	08	37	22	23	29

JT65: KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44

Steg: DEF CON 22

Key: pdogg thedukezip

39	19	16	17	29	13	58	19	13	24	20	44	26	52	25	22	46	02	51	35	43
17	15	19	39	56	07	56	26	42	17	27	42	11	30	21	46	28	15	53	04	21
12	07	05	06	42	41	37	31	16	35	63	00	03	12	38	26	08	37	22	23	29

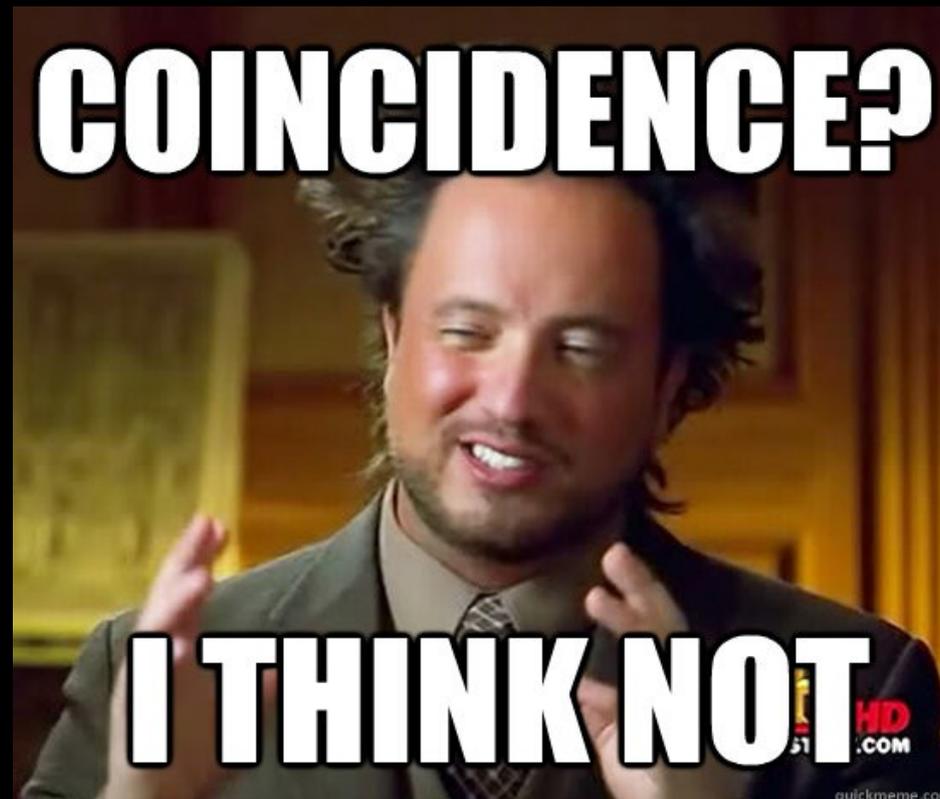
What About Encryption?

What About Encryption?

- We have $12 * 6 = 72$ bits to play with
- We need 8 bit bytes...
- Well that gives us exactly 9 bytes

What About Encryption?

- We have $12 * 6 = 72$ bits to play with
- We need 8 bit bytes...
- Well that gives us exactly 9 bytes



“Packing” Function

Status
1 byte

Data
8 bytes

10000001	11001001	10110001	11110010	01111000
	10010011	00101010	00011001	00001001

“Packing” Function



10000001 11001001 10110001 11110010 01111000
 10010011 00101010 00011001 00001001



100000 011100 100110 110001 111100 100111
100010 010011 001010 100001 100100 001001

“Status” Byte

Status
1 byte

- Track how many total packets in message
- Flags for first / last packet
- Track size for stream ciphers

```
Waiting for start of minute...
```

```
Decoded JT65 message 0 : KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44
```

```
Steg detected! (1/3) total packets received.
```

```
Monitoring...
```

```
Decoding...
```

```
Waiting for start of minute...
```

```
Decoded JT65 message 0 : KA1AAB KB2BBC DD44
```

```
Steg detected! (2/3) total packets received.
```

```
Monitoring...
```

```
Decoding...
```

```
Waiting for start of minute...
```

```
Decoded JT65 message 0 : KB2BBC KA1AAB DD44
```

```
Hidden message : SEE YOU AT DEF CON 22
```

“Status” Byte – Stream Cipher

First packet:

(0x80) | (# of total packets)

Middle packets:

Packet Number

Last packet:

(0x40) | (# of bytes in packet)

Max size: 64 packets (512 bytes)

1 bit

1 bit

6 bits

**First
Packet?**

**Last
Packet?**

**First? : # of total packets
Last? : # of bytes in packet
Else : Packet Number**

“Status” Byte – Block Cipher

First packet: `(0x80) | (# of total packets)`

Other packets: `Packet Number`

Max size: 128 packets (1024 bytes)

1 bit

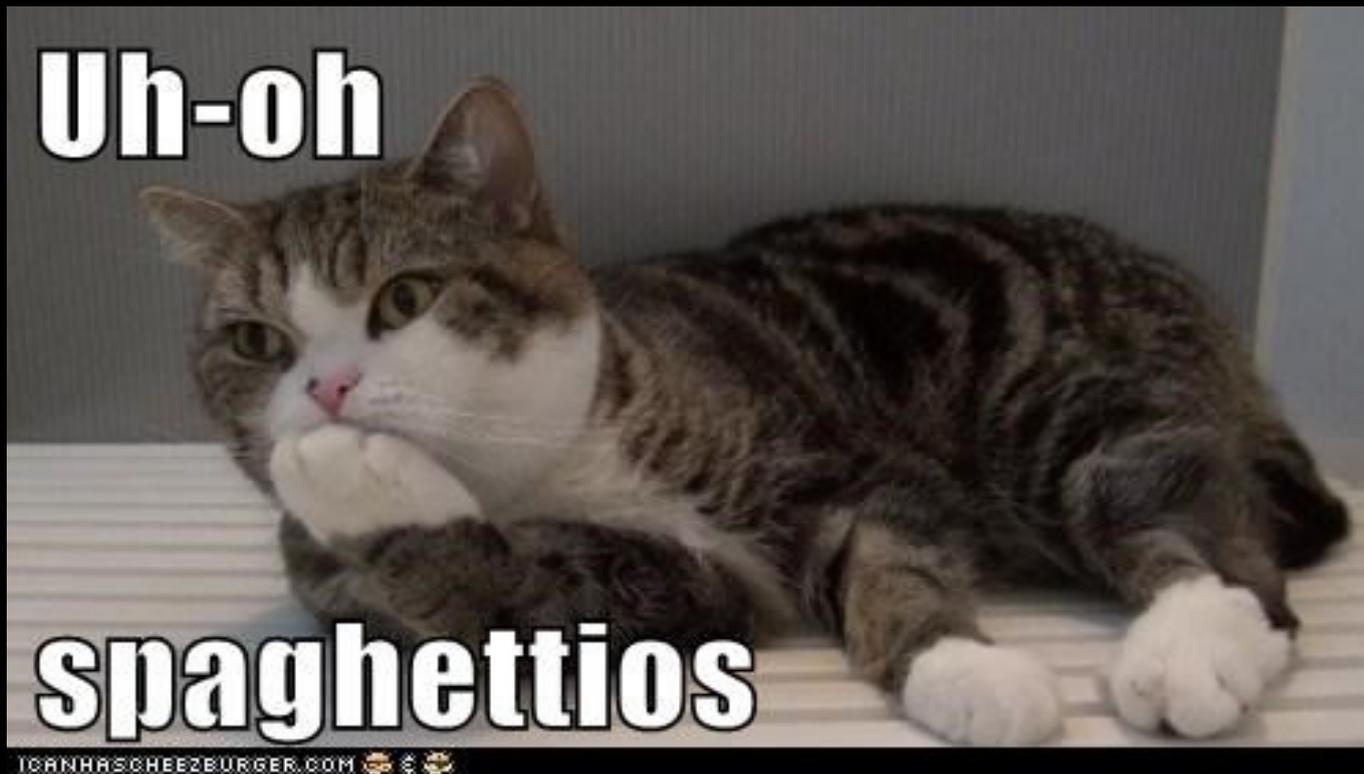
7 bits

**First
Packet?**

**First? : # of total packets
Else : Packet Number**

Hiding the Status Byte

- We'll talk about analysis in a bit...
- Steganography traffic was trivial to pick out of normal traffic because of this byte :(



Perform Bit Swap

Status
1 byte

Data
8 bytes

10000001

11001001

10110001

11110010

01111000

10010011

00101010

00011001

00001001

Perform Bit Swap

Status
1 byte

Data
8 bytes

10111000

11001001

10110001

01110010

00111000

00010011

00101010

00011001

01001001

Perform Bit Swap



10111000 11001001 10110001 01110010 00111000
00010011 00101010 00011001 01001001



101110 001100 100110 110001 011100 100011
100000 010011 001010 100001 100101 001001

JT65 Base Layer

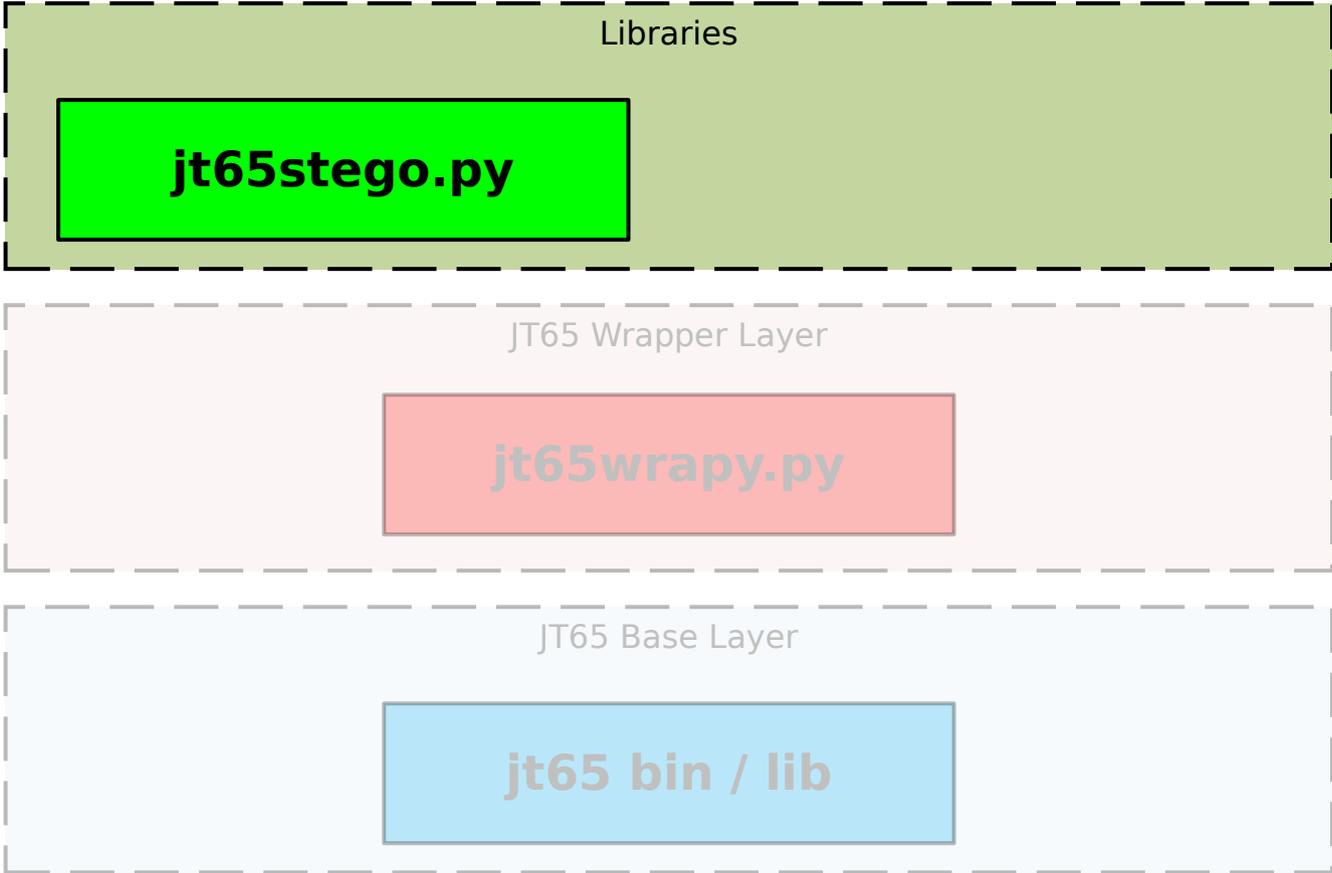
jt65 bin / lib

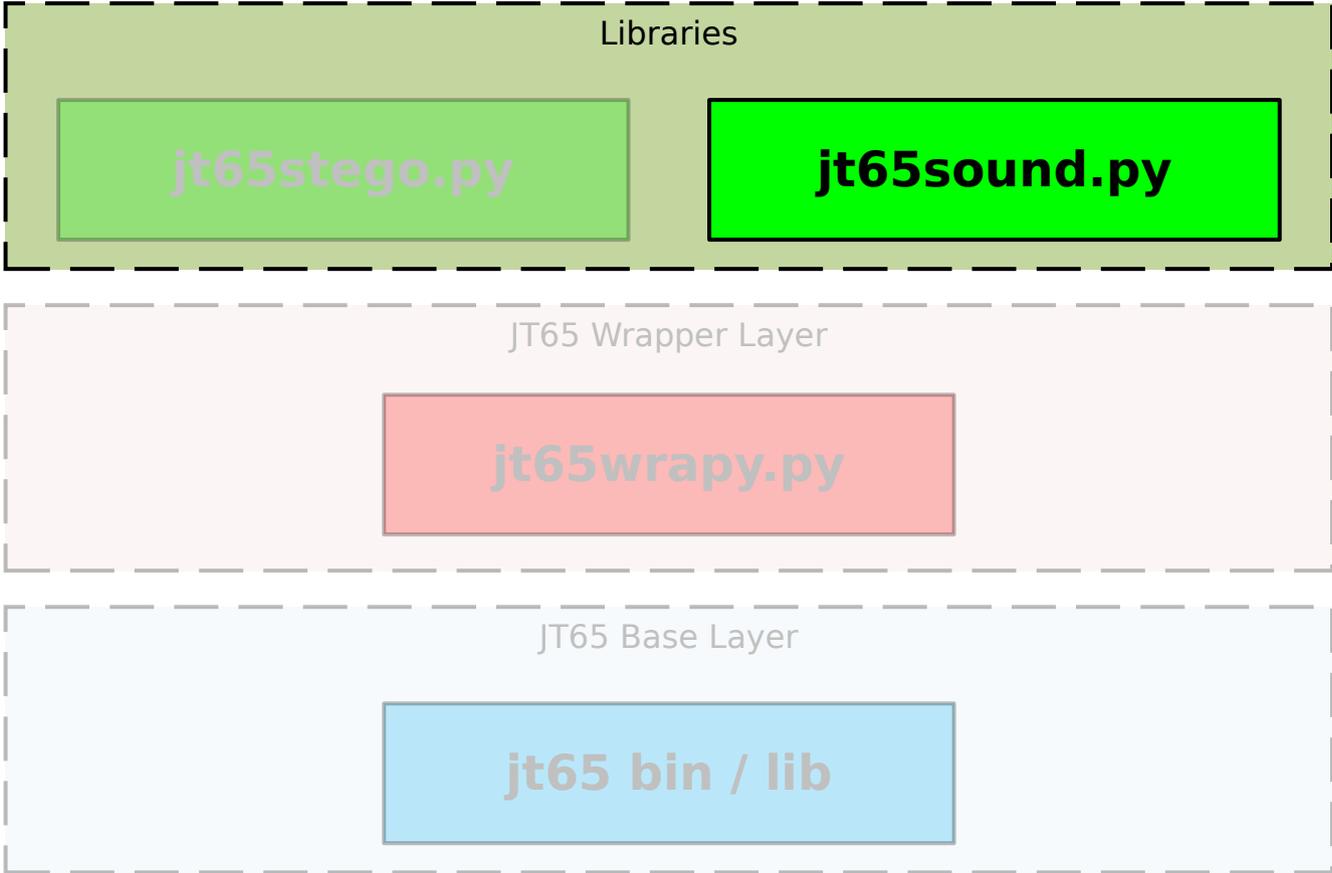
JT65 Wrapper Layer

jt65wrap.py

JT65 Base Layer

jt65 bin / lib





jt65tool.py

Libraries

jt65stego.py

jt65sound.py

JT65 Wrapper Layer

jt65wrap.py

JT65 Base Layer

jt65 bin / lib

jt65tool.py

jt65analysis.py

Libraries

jt65stego.py

jt65sound.py

JT65 Wrapper Layer

jt65wrap.py

JT65 Base Layer

jt65 bin / lib

Black Box Tests

jt65tool.py

jt65analysis.py

Unit Tests

Libraries

jt65stego.py

jt65sound.py

JT65 Wrapper Layer

jt65wrap.py

JT65 Base Layer

jt65 bin / lib

Tool Demo...

“Feed Reader” RasPi Demo...

Decoding...

Waiting for start of minute...

Decoded JT65 message 0 : HE0JER W15LB

Decoded JT65 message 0 : KC0REY KB4DCG 73

Monitoring...

Decoding...

Waiting for start of minute...

Decoded JT65 message 0 : EI5HV K4RAD EM82

Monitoring...

Decoding...

Waiting for start of minute...

Decoded JT65 message 0 : W90V NJ9U RRR

Decoded JT65 message 0 : CQ K0KC EN80

Monitoring...

520x210 TFT
w/Touch Screen
for Raspberry Pi

adafruit

Analysis/Steganalysis

- Defined set of legitimate JT65 packets
- “Known Cover Attack”
- Receive packet → Decode → Encode
- Demodulator provides “probability” or confidence
- Theory:
 - Packets suspected to contain steganography can be easily distinguished by some quantitative measure

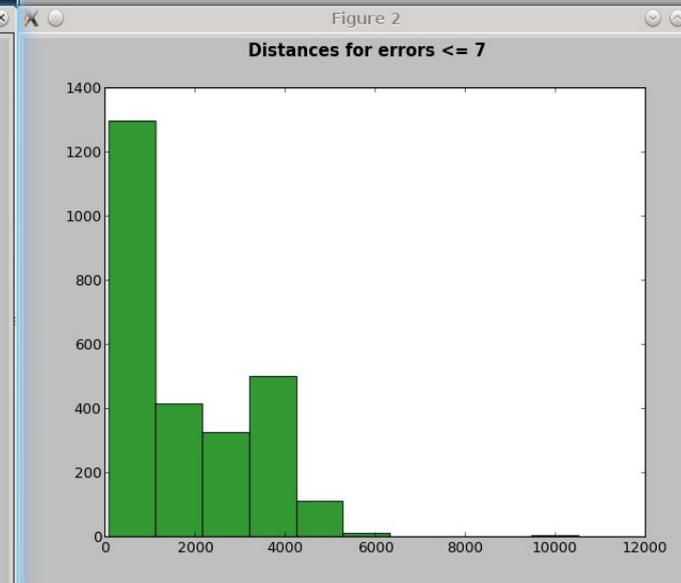
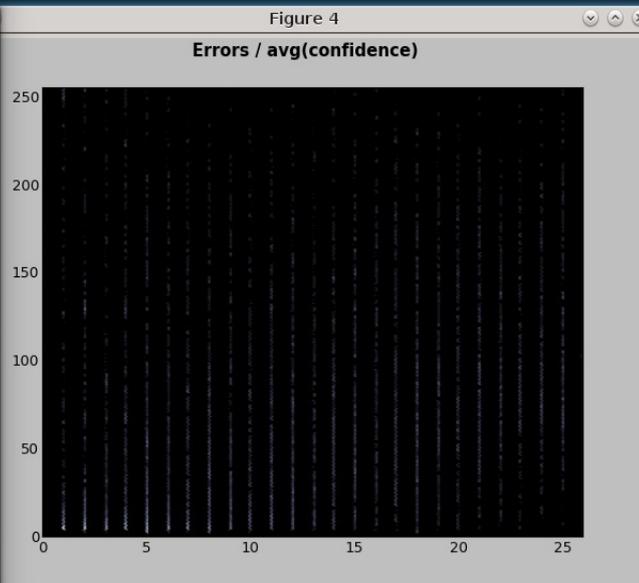
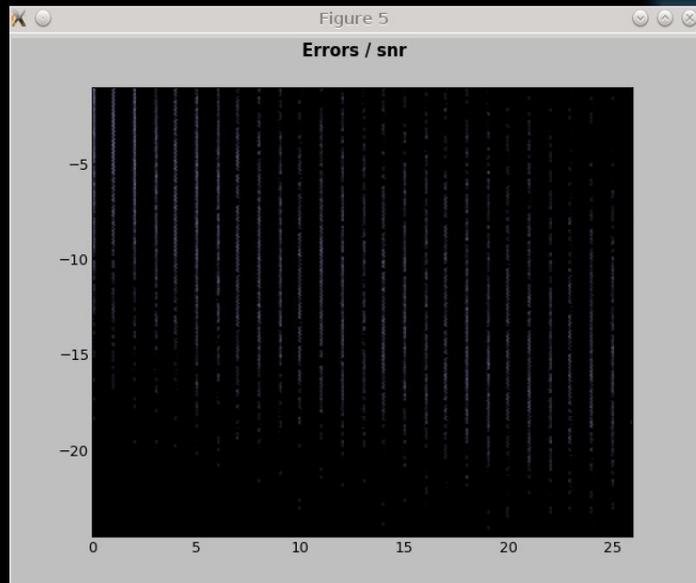
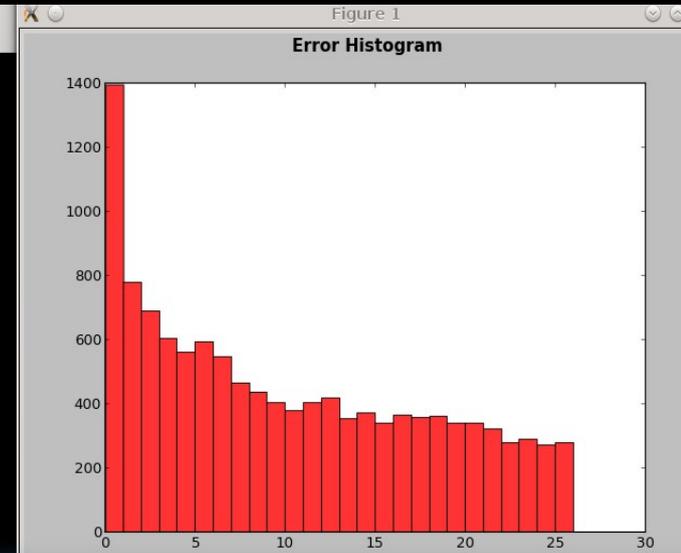
Analysis Module

```
~/code/gits/jt65stego : python
File Edit View Bookmarks Settings Help
:~/code/gits/jt65stego$ python jt65analysis.py --distance FN42 --text 20mpacketsoutput.txt
Number of packets in file: 11934

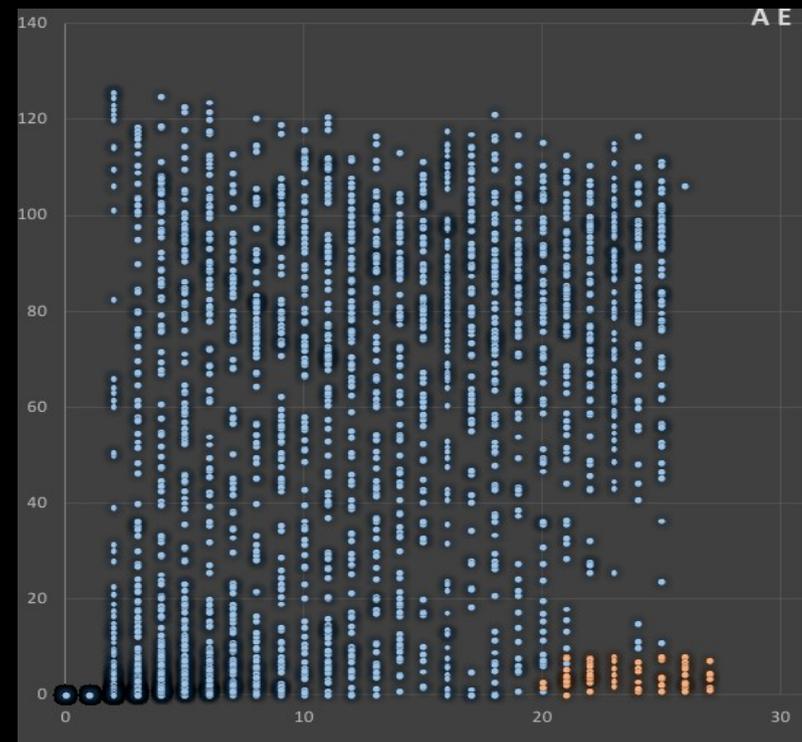
Median Number of Errors: 8.0
Average Number of Errors: 9.68694486342
Standard Deviation of Errors: 7.68047167928
Error Bins:
[1396 778 690 603 560 592 548 464 434 402 379 403 417 355 370
 339 366 357 362 341 341 322 277 288 270 276 4 0 0 0
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 0 0]

Median SNR: -8.58761152965
Average SNR: -8.8181056207
Standard Deviation SNR: 5.57110168923

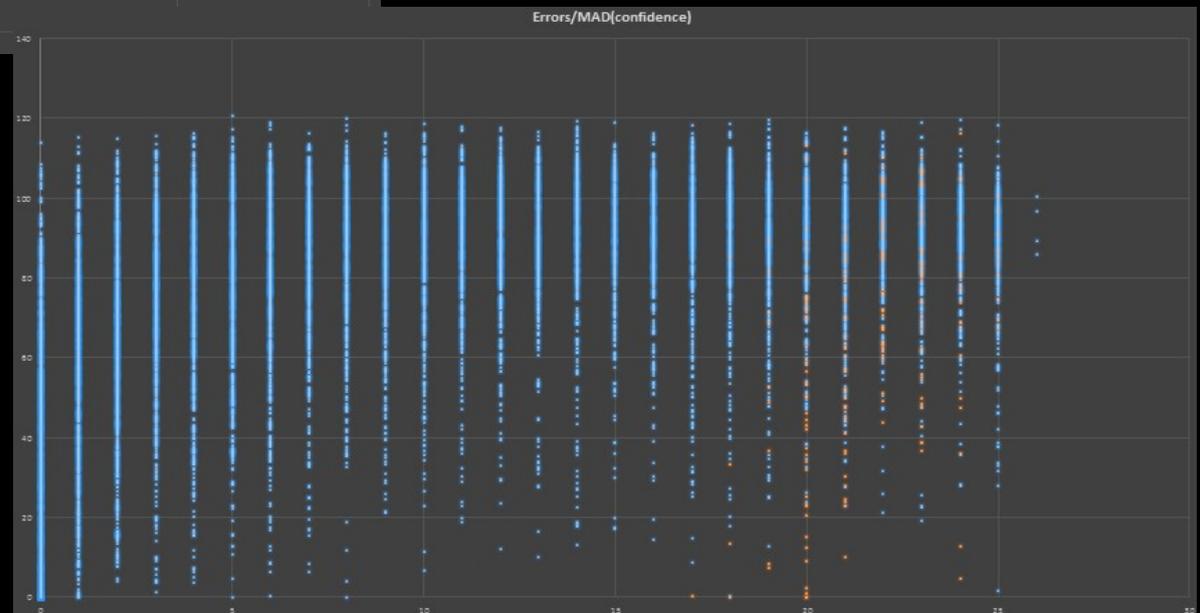
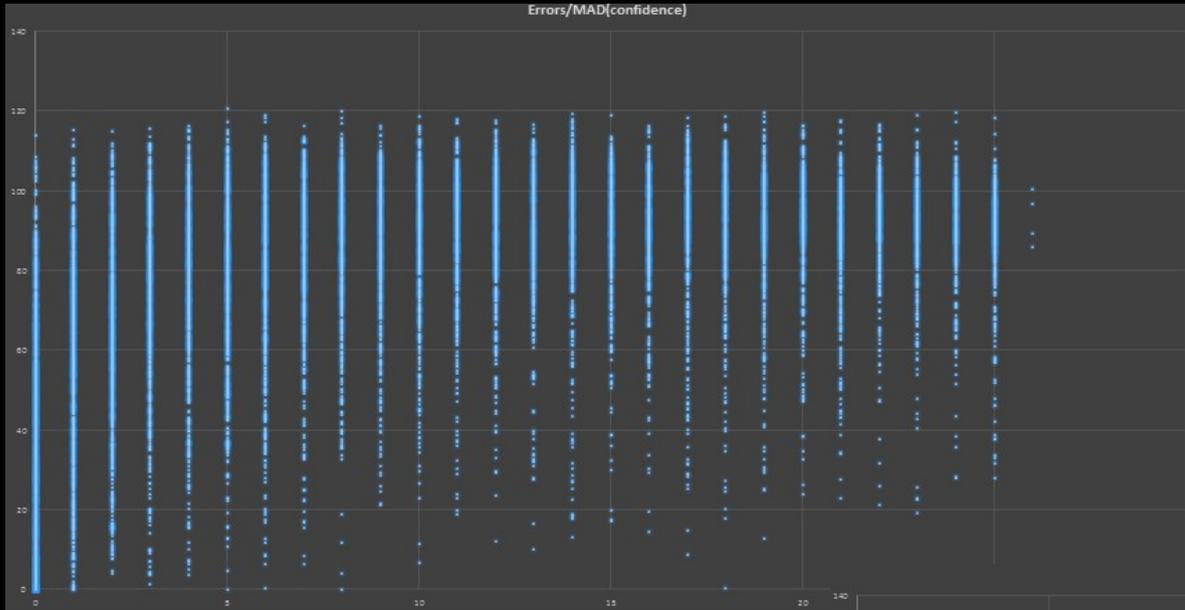
Number of packets in set with 7 or less errors: 5631
2659 have distance data
Max Distance of Set: 10518.49107
Median Distance of Set: 1179.20450965
Average Distance of Set: 1858.87448763
90% Distance of Set: 3687.56180076
Press Enter to continue... █
```



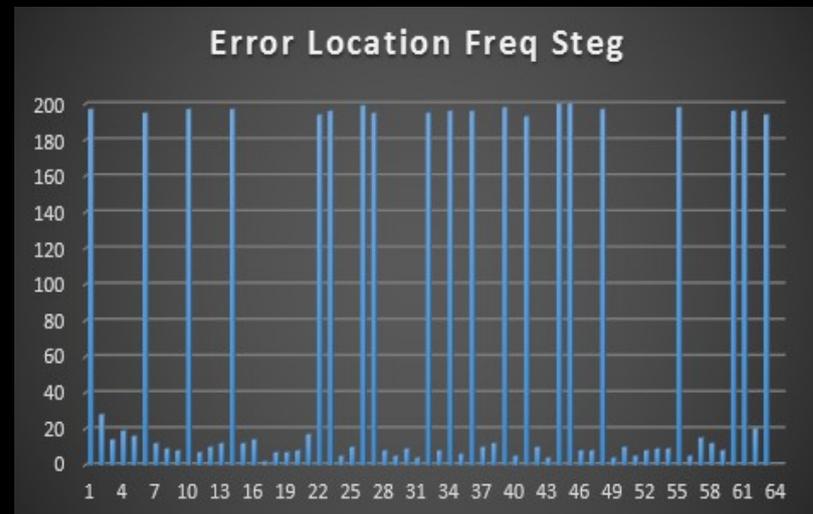
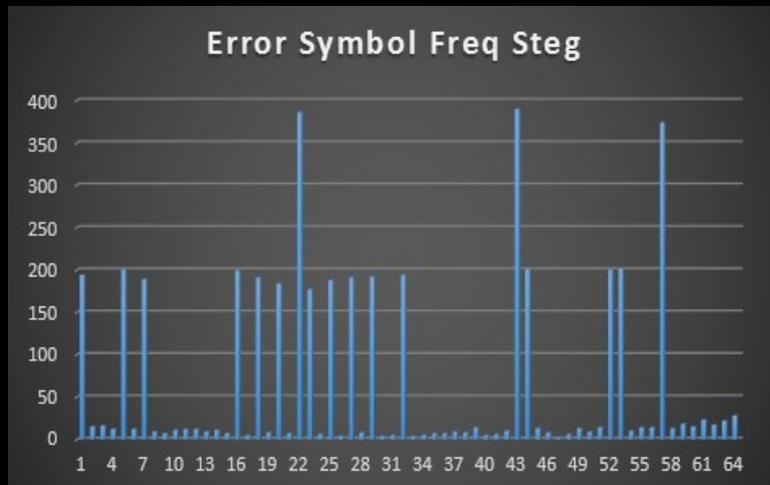
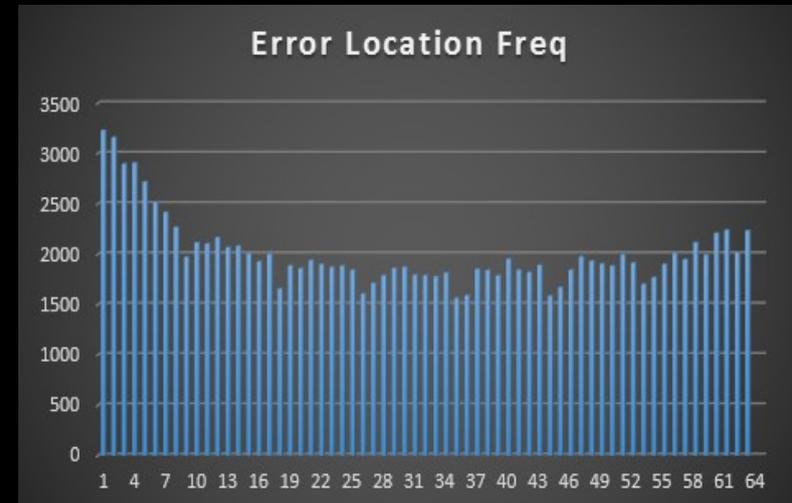
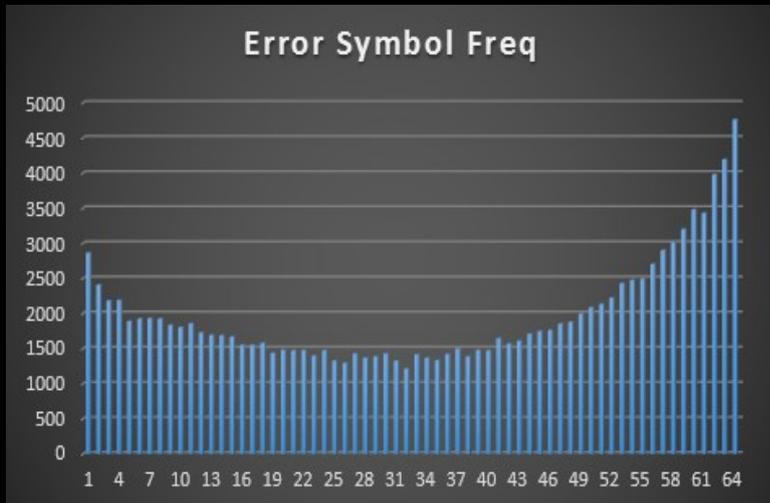
Finding Steganography is Easy



Finding Steganography is Hard



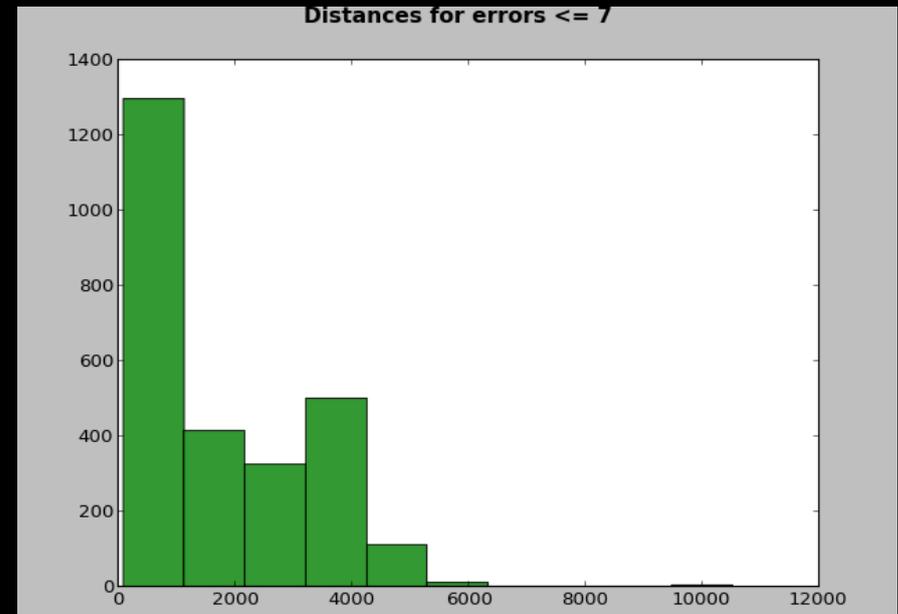
Interesting Patterns (and a warning)



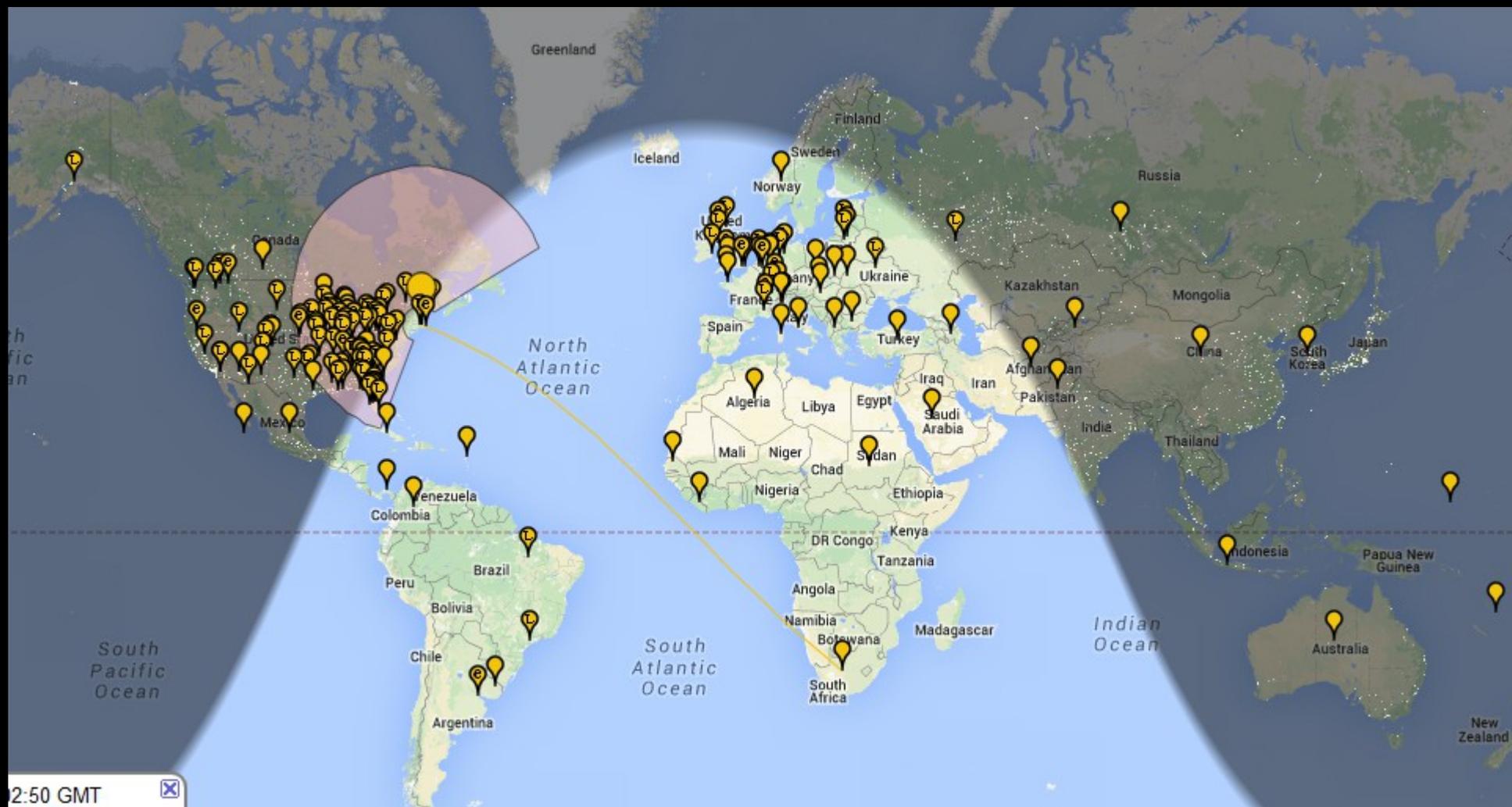
Distance

- Considering we cannot SEND these packets
- Let's pretend we received them (≤ 7 errors)
- How far away were the senders?

```
Number of packets in set with 7 or less errors: 5631
2659 have distance data
Max Distance of Set: 10518.49107
Median Distance of Set: 1179.20450965
Average Distance of Set: 1858.87448763
90% Distance of Set: 3687.56180076
```



Effectiveness as a World Wide Short Message Protocol



“Vulnerabilities” / Known Limitations

- Analysis and Detection
 - As discussed / other methods
- Transmitter location (foxhunting)
 - Well studied problem/game by amateurs and TLAs
 - FCC/DEA/NSA - SANDKEY(1)
- Message Forgery
- Storage / long term cryptographic analysis

(1) <http://cryptome.org.siteprotect.net/dea-nsa-sandkey.pdf>

Federal Communications Commission

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FC

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Take Action

Home / The FCC / FCC Encyclopedia / High Frequency Direction Finding Center

High Frequency Direction Finding Center

The High Frequency Direction Finding Capability Center (HFDFC) provides direct support to the public safety community and other federal partners by locating interference sources. The HFDFC ensures public safety and security of the High Frequency (HF) radio spectrum (below 30 MHz) by providing assistance and technical expertise to the FCC and its licensees before, during and after emergencies. It also provides interference resolution to FCC licensees and federal government agencies, and supports the enforcement and management of the HF Spectrum.

CONFIDENTIAL/REL TO USA, FVEY

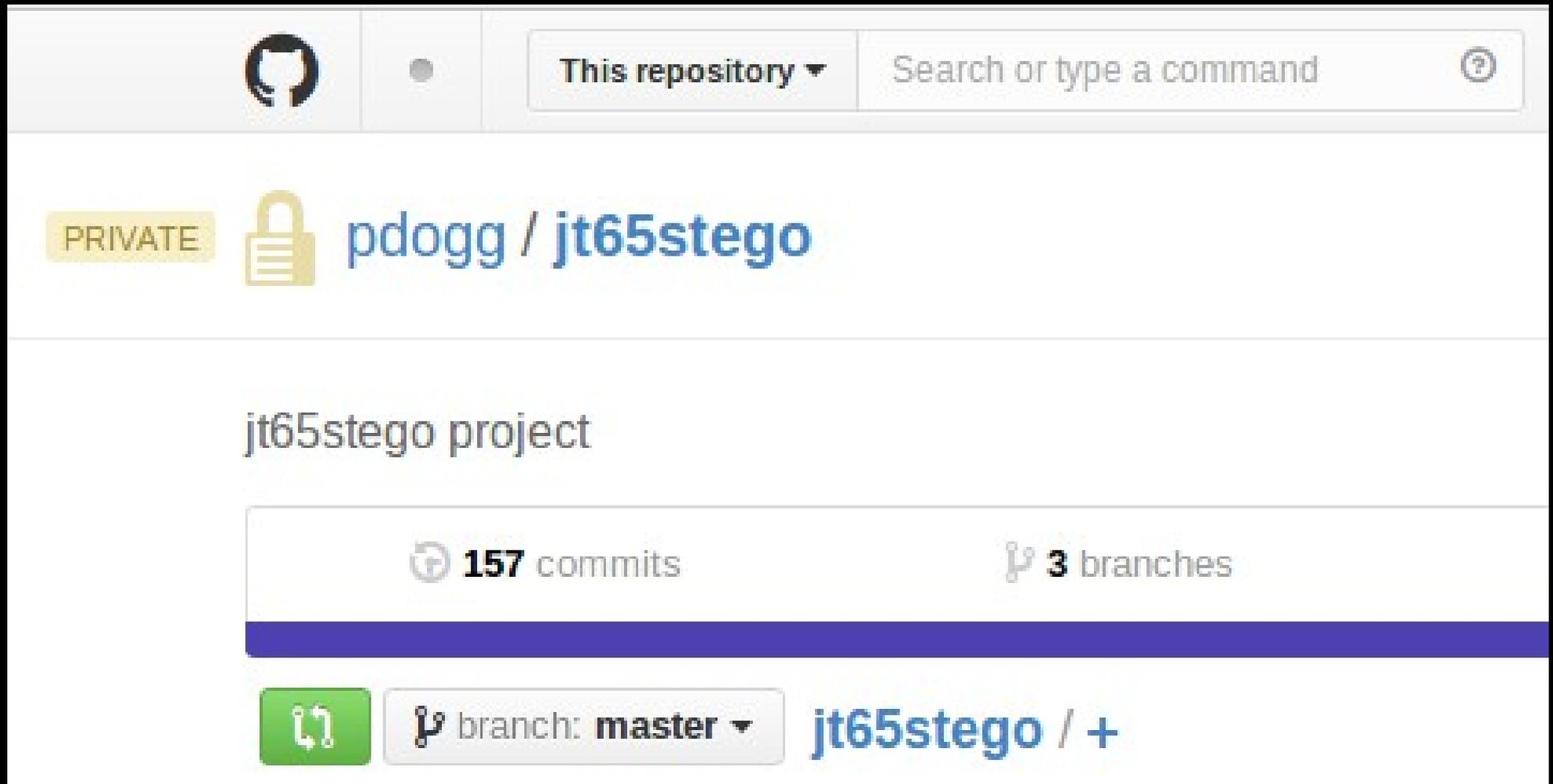
FCC – HFDF Network

Operational (Green tower icon)
Non-operational (Orange tower icon)

Kenai, Alaska
Ferndale, WA
Canandaigua, NY
Belfast, ME
Allegan, MI
Grand Island, NE
Laurel, MD
Livermore, CA
Powder Springs, GA
Douglas, AZ
Kingsville, TX
Vero Beach, FL
Waipahu, HI
Santa Isabel, PR

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How to get it?



The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository `pdogg/jt65stego`. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the GitHub logo, a dropdown menu set to "This repository", and a search bar with the placeholder text "Search or type a command". Below the navigation bar, the repository name is displayed as "PRIVATE pdogg / jt65stego". The repository is identified as a "jt65stego project". A summary bar shows "157 commits" and "3 branches". At the bottom, there is a green "Clone" button, a dropdown menu showing "branch: master", and the repository name "jt65stego" followed by a plus sign.

GitHub logo

This repository

Search or type a command

PRIVATE pdogg / jt65stego

jt65stego project

157 commits

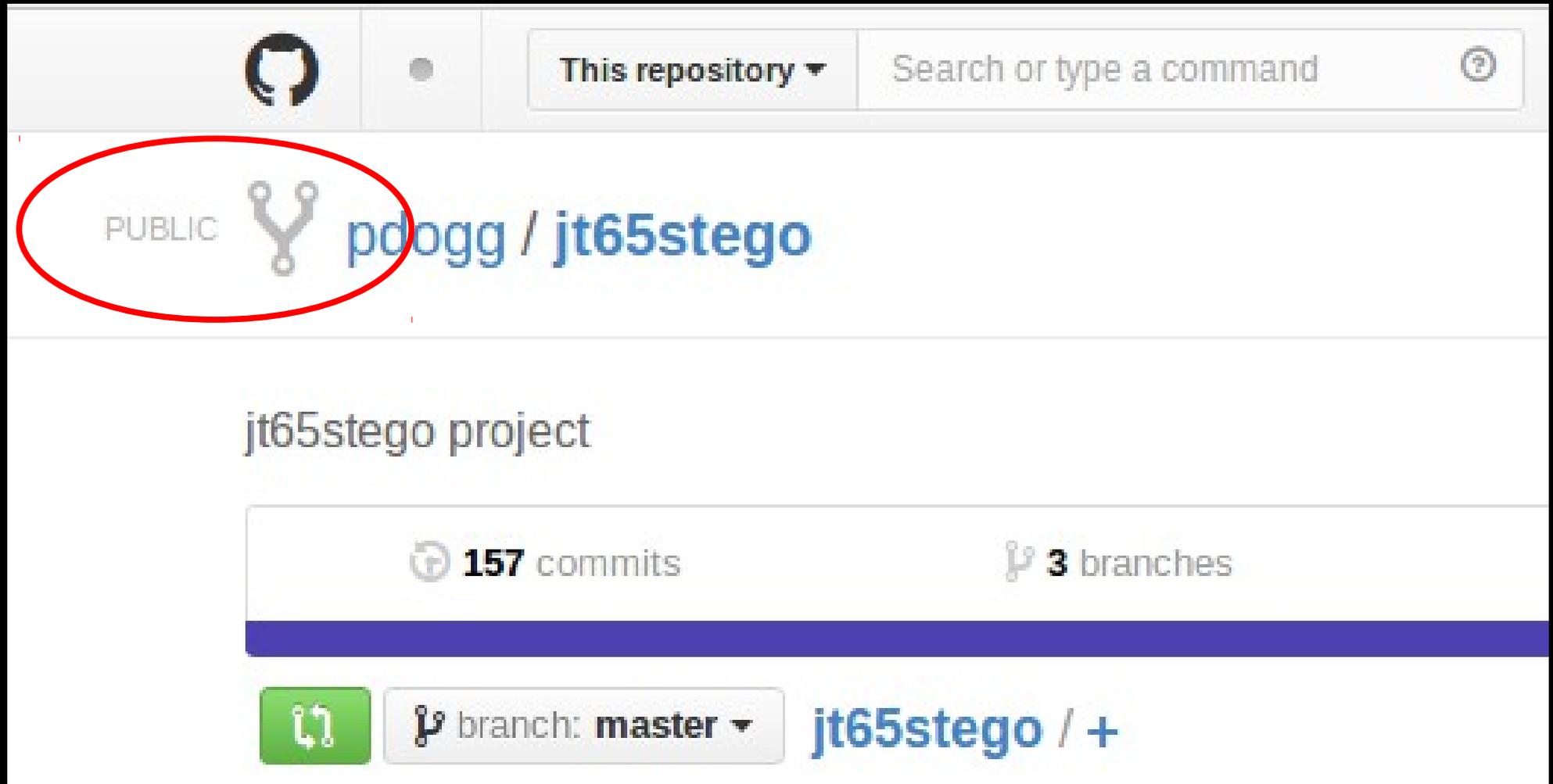
3 branches

Clone

branch: master

jt65stego / +

Available today!



The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for the repository 'pdogg / jt65stego'. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the GitHub logo, a dropdown menu set to 'This repository', and a search bar. Below this, the repository name 'pdogg / jt65stego' is displayed in blue, with the word 'PUBLIC' in grey to its left. A red circle highlights the 'PUBLIC' label and the repository icon. Underneath, the text 'jt65stego project' is visible. A summary bar shows '157 commits' and '3 branches'. At the bottom, there is a green 'Clone' button, a dropdown menu for 'branch: master', and the repository name 'jt65stego / +'.

Oh yeah, it's on your conference DVD too...

Conclusions

- Protocols and methods such as those presented can, in theory, provide a platform for short message communications with desirable properties:
 - Low infrastructure
 - Long distance
 - Covert
 - Plausibly deniable
- Potential for analysis and detection
 - Especially for well equipped adversaries

Next Steps / Further Areas of Study

- Continued Detection / Counter Detection Work
- Cryptographic Improvements
- Enhanced amateur applications
- Useful protocols and networks

Ham Exam

Crypto & Privacy Village
Sunday 12 PM – 3 PM

Cram Session

Wireless Village
Sunday 9 AM – 12 PM



THANKS!

@pdogg77
@TheDukeZip

<https://www.github.com/pdogg/jt65stego/>

Special Thanks @masshackers