Am I Being Spied On?

Low-tech Ways Of Detecting High-tech Surveillance

Dr. Phil @ppolstra http://philpolstra.com

What this talk is about

- Determining if you are a victim of spying
 - Video surveillance
 - Tailing
 - Audio eavesdropping
 - Devices embedded in your computer, tablet, or smart phone

Why you should care

- Government assault on Constitution is well known
- Local governments
- Competitors
- Stalkers
- People who just don't like you

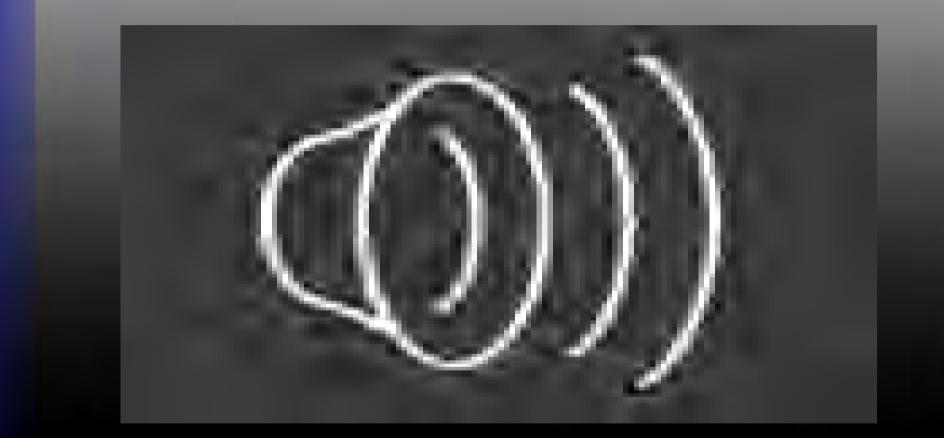
Video surveillance

Common flaw all night vision cameras share





Detecting this flaw with any digital camera

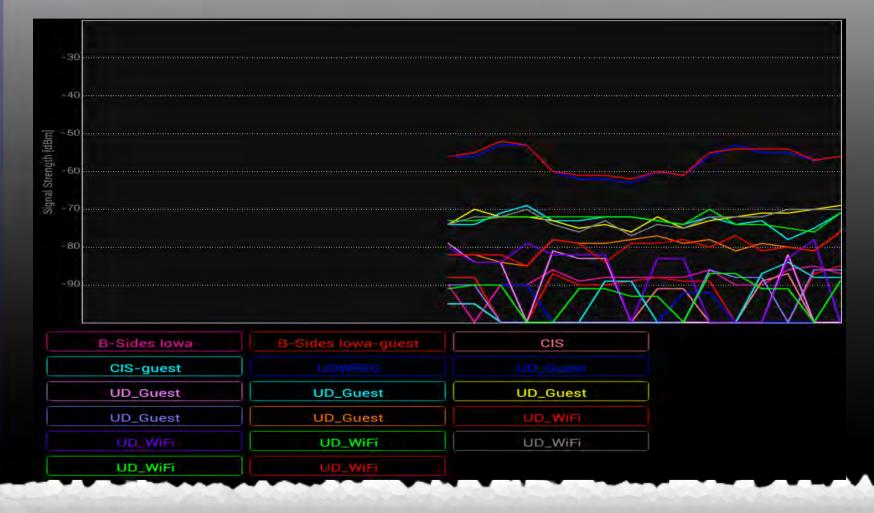


Other Ways to Detect IR



Detecting wireless cameras

Free way: Android tablet or smartphone



Inexpensive way: BeagleBone based system

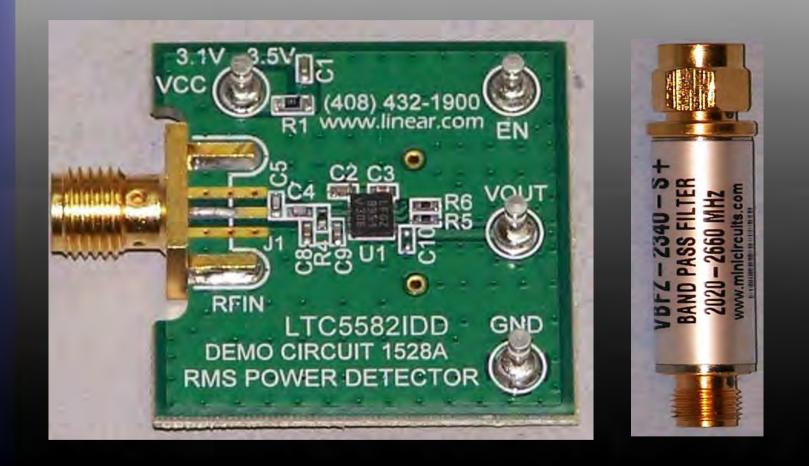




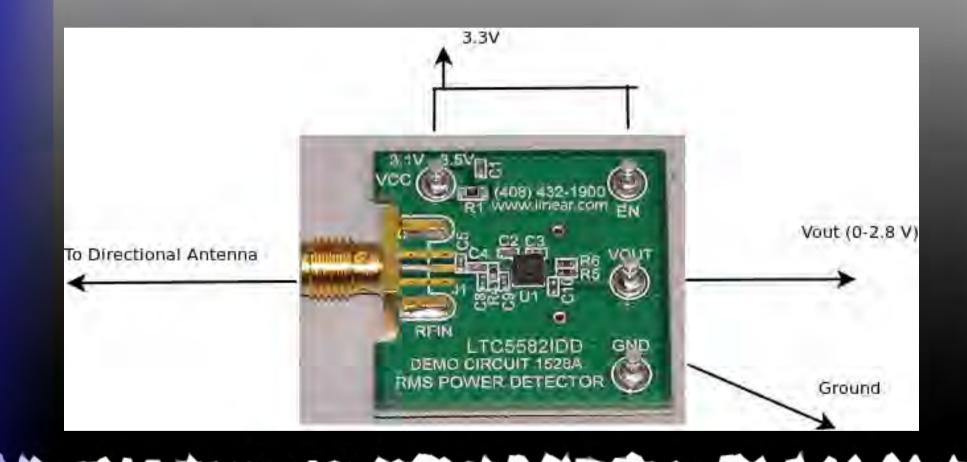
Moderately expensive way: Detecting signals in licensed bands

- Use an Linear Technologies LTC5582 RMS RF power detector
- Measure LTC5582 output on volt meter or BeagleBone or ??
- Bandpass filters can be used to look at individual frequency bands

Moderately Expensive Way



Moderately Expensive Way



Physical surveillance

Tailing

- Common vehicles used
- Standard techniques

Stakeout

- Common vehicles used
- Standard techniques

Tailing Vehicles

Non-government spies choose vehicles to blend in

- Probably not the red Ferrari behind you
- Likely vehicles
 - Bland colored Honda or Toyota sedan
 - Bland colored SUV
 - Whatever is commonly seen in the area
- Government spies drive vehicles issued to them
 - Black SUV
 - Crown Victoria

General Tailing Techniques

- Follow distance varies from about 2 cars behind to a block
- Bumper beeper may be used to extend follow distance to 0.5 – 10.0 miles
- Tail is generally considered blown if subject has 3 suspicious impressions

Single Car Tailing

- Generally will be closer than multi-car tails
- More likely to follow traffic laws
- May use a bumper beeper to help relocate the subject if lost

Multi-car Tailing

- In most cases everyone is behind the subject
- Some cars may be on parallel streets
 - More likely in urban areas
- Tailing vehicles may change relative positions
- Vehicles might occasionally appear to go a different direction only to rejoin later

Combating Tailing

Look!

- Check around your car for trackers
- Watch for vehicles who seem to be behind you for long distances
- Watch for vehicles that go away and then come back

Combating Tailing (contd)

- Detect electronic devices
 - Use the previously describe RF detection system without any filters
 - Scan the AM radio band on your car radio before you go
 - Many homemade or privately available trackers operate in this frequency band
 - If you hear nothing but a strong tone it is probably a tracker on your car!

Combating Tailing (contd)

- Active techniques
 - Drag a few traffic lights
 - Take unusual routes
 - Drive through residential neighborhoods
 - Take a few alleys or deserted side streets
 - Occasionally park for no reason

Stakeout Vehicles

- Same vehicles used in tailing may be used
- Additional vehicles might be used
 - SUV
 - Commercial vans
 - Pickup trucks with toppers

Combating Stationary Surveillance

Look!

- People in parked vehicles
- Construction/utility workers who are around too long or appear to be doing nothing
- Commercial vans parked for extended periods
- Anyone with view of all your exits

Combating Stationary Surveillance (contd)

- Active techniques
 - Get out your binoculars and spy back
 - Run outside and jump in your car
 - Run back inside and see if anyone seems to notice
 - Drive around the block and see if anyone followed you



Detecting active bugs

- Free way: analog AM/FM radio might detect some bugs
- Inexpensive way: USB TV Tuner Software Defined Radio (SDR)
 - Can detect signals in 50 MHz 2 GHz
 - Commercial bug detectors are usually 10
 MHz 8 GHz
- Moderately expensive way: Broadband amplifier connected to TV antenna
- Expensive way: Drop \$500 on a commercial detector

Detecting bugs with a radio



Must be analog

Scan through the AM/FM bands to see if you can hear the audio you are generating

 Works with only the simplest bugs

Detecting passive bugs

- Must try to excite bug with RF in correct band
- If you are close enough and the signal is strong can still work with wrong frequency
- Detection is same as active bugs

Exciting the bug

- Free way: Blast it with 2.4 GHz from your Alfa
- Inexpensive way: Noisy broadband transmitter attached to TV antenna

Bugs in your computing devices

Bugs can be installed by

- intercepting shipments
- "service" professionals
- spies in your local IT staff
- pissed off guy in your office

Detecting bugs

Free way: Look!

- Bugging devices can be installed externally
- I described a small dropbox easily hidden behind a computer at DC21
- Same dropbox is easily hidden in other items on your desk
 - Example: Dalek desktop defender
 - Example: TARDIS
- Check every device connected to your computer especially USB and network



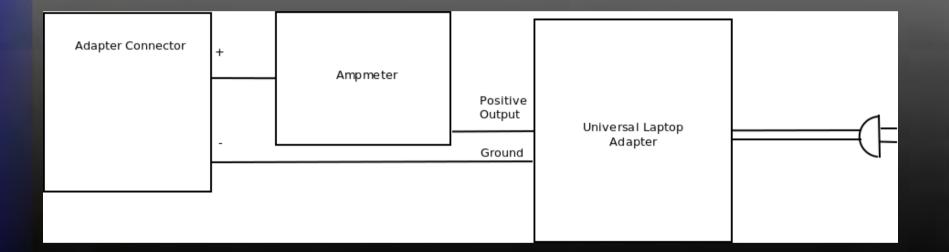
Bugs may be internal

- Open the case and look for obvious signs
- Pictures of NSA devices have been leaked
- Inexpensive way: Current leaks
 - Bugs need current to run
 - Turned off devices shouldn't draw any power

A modified universal laptop power supply can be used to detect this current leakage Modify the power supply to detect current

- For laptop or phone remove the battery and measure current with device "off"
 - Current flow indicates possible bug
- For tablet fully charge the battery
 - Measure the current flow
 - Small current might indicate issue with charging circuit or battery
 - If the current peaks when you speak or move in view of the camera there may be a bug





For a desktop computer

- Physical inspection is best
 - Can attempt to detect leakage current with Kill o Watt or similar
- Many computer power supplies leak current so this is not conclusive
- Desktop bug might only work when computer is on

Passive bugs

- Excite as described for passive audio bugs
- Use same techniques as described above to detect excited bug
- Won't detect all passive bugs (such as the expensive NSA bugs)

Summary

- Chose your level of paranoia
- Even if you aren't paranoid you can still detect many spying activities at no cost
- Truly paranoid can still test without financial ruin

References

- Hacking and Penetration Testing with Low Power Devices by Philip Polstra (Syngress, 2014)
- Jacob Applebaum talk on NSA spy device catalog

Questions?

- Come see me after
- @ppolstra on Twitter
- Http://philpolstra.com or http://polstra.org
- More info on BeagleBone drones

Hacking and Penetration Testing with Low Power Devices

